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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fourteenth Annual General Meeting of Brite-Tech Berhad will be held at Langkawi Room, Bukit Jalil Golf and Country Resort, Jalan 3/155B, 57000 Kuala Lumpur on Wednesday, 27 May 2015 at 10.00 a.m. to transact the following business :-

AGENDA

AS ORDINARY BUSINESS

To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.

Please refer to Note 1

2 To declare a final single tier dividend of 0.63 sen per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

(Resolution 1)

3. To approve the payment of Directors' fees for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

(Resolution 2)

- To re-elect the following Directors who are retiring by rotation, pursuant to Article 96 of the Articles of Association of the Company, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:-
 - Mr. Pang Wee See a)

(Resolution 3)

b) Mr. Tan Boon Kok (Resolution 4)

5. To consider and if thought fit, pass the following resolution in accordance with Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965:

"THAT Dr. Seow Pin Kwong, retiring pursuant to Section 129 of the Companies Act, 1965, be and is hereby re-appointed a Director of the Company to hold office until the next Annual General Meeting."

(Resolution 5)

6. To re-appoint Messrs CAS & Associates as auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

(Resolution 6)

AS SPECIAL BUSINESS

7. To consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without modification, the following resolutions:-

Ordinary Resolution 1

Authority pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 for the Directors to issue shares

(Resolution 7)

"THAT pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, the Directors be and are hereby authorised to allot and issue shares in the Company from time to time at such price, upon such terms and conditions, for such purposes and to such person or persons whomsoever as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued does not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being, subject always to the approvals of all the relevant authorities being obtained for such allotment and issue and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company."

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

Ordinary Resolution 2

(Resolution 8)

Continuing in Office as Independent Non-Executive Director

"THAT authority be and is hereby given to Mr. Cheng Sim Meng who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years, to continue to serve as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company."

Ordinary Resolution 3

(Resolution 9)

Continuing in Office as Independent Non-Executive Director

"THAT subject to the passing of Resolution 5, authority be and is hereby given to Dr. Seow Pin Kwong who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years, to continue to serve as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company."

Special Resolution

(Resolution 10)

Proposed Amendment to the Articles of Association of the Company

"THAT the Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association ("Proposed Amendments") of the Company as contained in the Appendix I of the Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 be hereby approved and adopted."

To transact any other business of the Company of which due notice shall have been 8 given in accordance with the Companies Act, 1965.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND ENTITLEMENT

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that the final single tier dividend of 0.63 sen per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014, if approved by the shareholders, will be paid on 23 June 2015 to shareholders whose names appear in the Register of Depositors at the close of business on 15 June 2015. A Depositor shall qualify for dividend entitlement only in respect of:-

- Shares transferred into Depositor's Securities Account before 4.00 p.m. on 15 June 2015 in respect of ordinary a) transfers; and
- b) Shares bought on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of Bursa Securities.

By order of the Board

Wong Maw Chuan (MIA 7413) Wong Youn Kim (MAICSA 7018778) Company Secretaries

Kuala Lumpur 30 April 2015

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

Explanatory Notes:

- The Agenda No. 1 is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 169(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 does not require a formal approval of shareholders and hence, is not put forward.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company and the provision of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company.
- Where a member appoints two (2) or more proxies, the appointments shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportion of his holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991, it may appoint at least one (1) proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
- The instrument of appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in writing in that behalf.
- The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office at B-25-2, Block B, Jaya One, No. 72A, Jalan Universiti, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the annual general meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 7. **Explanatory Note on Special Business - Resolution 7**

Ordinary Resolution 1 - Authority pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 for the Directors to issue shares

The Ordinary Resolution 7 under item 7 is proposed to seek for a renewal of the general mandate ("General Mandate") pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, and if passed, will give the Directors of the Company authority to allot and issue ordinary shares of the Company up to an amount not exceeding in total, 10% of the issued share capital of the Company for such purposes as the Directors consider would be in the interest of the Company. This General Mandate, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

As at the date of this notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the mandate granted to the Directors at the Thirteenth Annual General Meeting held on 23 May 2014 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the Fourteenth Annual General Meeting.

The General Mandate sought will enable the Directors of the Company to allot and issue shares, including but not limited for further placing of shares, for the purpose of funding investment(s), working capital and/ or acquisitions, from time to time at such price, upon such terms and conditions, to such person or persons whomsoever as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion deem fit. This would avoid any delay and costs involved in convening a general meeting to specifically approve such an issue of shares.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

Explanatory Notes: (Cont'd)

8. Explanatory Note on Special Business - Resolutions 8 & 9

Ordinary Resolutions 2 & 3 - Continuing in Office as Independent Non-Executive Director

Dr. Seow Pin Kwong and Mr. Cheng Sim Meng are Independent Non-Executive Directors who have served the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years since 25 May 2002.

In line with the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012, the Board of Directors has assessed the independence of Dr. Seow Pin Kwong and Mr. Cheng Sim Meng, and has recommended that the approval of the shareholders be sought for them to continue to serve as Independent Non-Executive Directors based on the following:

- a) They have fulfilled the criteria under the definition of Independent Director as stated in the ACE Market Listing Requirements;
- They have vast experiences in various industries and as such can contribute to the Board with their wide expertise and independent judgement. They have also actively participated in Board deliberations and decision making in an objective manner.
- They have been with the Company for more than nine years and are familiar with the Group's activities and corporate history and have devoted sufficient time and attention to their roles and responsibilities as Independent Non-Executive Directors for informed and balanced decision making; and
- d) They have exercised due care during their tenure as Independent Non-Executive Directors in the Company and carried out their professional duties in the interest of the Company and shareholders.

9. **Explanatory Note on Special Business - Resolution 10**

Special Resolution - Proposed Amendment to the Articles of Association of the Company

The proposed Resolution 10 is to improve the efficiency in decision making. The details of the Proposed Amendments are as set out in Appendix I on Page 105 of this Annual Report.

STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Directors standing for re-election/re-appointment at the Fourteenth Annual General Meeting of the a) Company

The Directors who are retiring by rotation, pursuant to Article 96 of the Company's Articles of Association and standing for re-election are as follows:

- Mr. Pang Wee See (Executive Chairman)
- Mr. Tan Boon Kok (Executive Director)

The Director who is retiring, pursuant to Section 129 of the Companies Act, 1965 and standing for reappointment is as follows:

Dr. Seow Pin Kwong (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Further details of the Directors who are standing for re-election/re-appointment at the Fourteenth Annual General Meeting are set out in the Directors' Profile on pages 8 to 11 of the Annual Report and information on their shareholdings are listed on page 100 of the Annual Report.

b) **Details of attendance of Directors at Board Meetings**

The details of attendance of the Directors at Board meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014 are as disclosed in the Corporate Governance Statement set out on page 16 of this Annual Report.

c) Date, Time and Place of the Fourteenth Annual General Meeting

The Fourteenth Annual General Meeting of Brite-Tech Berhad will be held at Langkawi Room, Bukit Jalil Golf and Country Resort, Jalan 3/155B, 57000 Kuala Lumpur on Wednesday, 27 May 2015 at 10.00 a.m.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Pang Wee See **Executive Chairman** Tan Boon Kok **Executive Director** Chan Ah Kien **Executive Director** Kan King Choy **Executive Director** Ir. Koh Thong How Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Dr. Seow Pin Kwong Independent Non-Executive Director Cheng Sim Meng Independent Non-Executive Director Ng Kok Ann Independent Non-Executive Director Yee Oii Pah @ Yee Ooi Wah Alternate Director to Pang Wee See

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Dr. Seow Pin Kwong (Chairman) Cheng Sim Meng Ng Kok Ann

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Wong Maw Chuan (MIA 7413) Wong Youn Kim (MAICSA 7018878)

REGISTERED OFFICE

B-25-2, Block B, Jaya One No. 72A, Jalan Universiti 46200 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Tel: 03-7955 0955 Fax: 03-7955 0959

BUSINESS OFFICE

Lot 14, Jalan Pendamar 27/90 Seksyen 27, 40000 Shah Alam Selangor Darul Ehsan Tel: 03-5192 8188/8288/8388 Fax: 03-5191 8188

Email: admin@brite-tech.com.my Website: www.brite-tech.com

AUDITORS

CAS & Associates

B-5-1, IOI Boulevard, Jalan Kenari 5 Bandar Puchong Jaya 47170 Puchong Selangor Darul Ehsan

SHARE REGISTRAR

Bina Management Sdn. Bhd.

Lot 10, The Highway Centre Jalan 51/205, 46050 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Tel: 03-7784 3922 Fax: 03-7784 1988

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Malayan Banking Berhad

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Stock Name: BTECH Stock Code: 011

DIRECTORS' PROFILE

PANG WEE SEE Executive Chairman

Pang Wee See, a Malaysian, aged 63, was appointed to the Board on 25 May 2002.

He graduated from University Sains Malaysia with a Bachelor of Applied Science (Hons) majoring in Polymer Science in 1977. He started his career with Asia Tape Corporation Bhd as Chemist in 1978 and later was promoted to the position of Chemist cum Factory Manager. He then moved to Federal Rubber Products Co. Sdn Bhd as Production Manager in 1979. Subsequent to this, he and three partners set up Brite-Tech Corporation Sdn Bhd in 1980. He left Federal Rubber Products in 1984 to manage Brite-tech Corporation Sdn Bhd and later expanded to set up the Group.

As a founder of the Group, with his excellent entrepreneurial skills and more than 25 years of experience, he has steered the Group to become an established and acclaimed total solution provider in water and wastewater treatment and laboratory services. He sits on the Board of other private companies and also sits on the Board of Yayasan Maha Karuna, a charity organization. He does not hold directorship of any other public listed company.

He is the spouse of Madam Yee Oii Wah and brother-in-law of Ir. Koh Thong How. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and he has not been convicted for any offences in the past ten (10) years.

He attended all four (4) Board meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

TAN BOON KOK Executive Director

Tan Boon Kok, a Malaysian, aged 57, was appointed to the Board on 25 May 2002.

Upon completion of his Form Six Level education in Tunku Abdul Rahman College in 1978, he joined Paloh Palm Oil Mill in 1979. The following year in 1980, he moved to Bukit Benut Palm Oil Mill and subsequently to Coronation Palm Oil Mill as Laboratory Conductor. He joined Brite-Tech Corporation Sdn Bhd in 1983 as Sales Executive and later was promoted to Sales Manager in 1986. He has been with the Group for more than 25 years.

He does not have any family relationship with other Directors and/or major shareholder of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and he has not been convicted for any offences in the past ten (10) years. He does not hold directorship of any other public listed company.

He attended all four (4) Board meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

CHAN AH KIEN Executive Director

Chan Ah Kien, a Malaysian, aged 52, was appointed to the Board on 25 May 2002.

He co-founded Hooker Chemical Sdn Bhd in 1987 and has been with the Group for more than 25 years. He had his education in Temerloh, Pahang and completed his Sijil Pelajaran Malaysia (SPM) in 1981. He built his experience since 1981 and rose through the ranks from technician, operations, marketing and to management level, involving in industrial wastewater treatment and scheduled waste disposal. He has accumulated more than 20 years experience in industrial wastewater treatment and over the years with Hooker Chemical Sdn Bhd, he is also exposed to new advance treatment technology through close working relationship with leading overseas wastewater treatment companies in USA and Europe. He also attended the Chemical Safety and Security Train-the-Trainer Workshop under the Chemical Security Engagement Program organized by Sandia National Laboratories, Department of State. United States of America.

He does not have any family relationship with other Directors and/or major shareholder of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and he has not been convicted for any offences in the past ten (10) years. He does not hold directorship of any other public listed company.

He attended all four (4) Board meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE (CONT'D)

KAN KING CHOY Executive Director

Kan King Choy, a Malaysian, aged 53, was appointed to the Board on 25 May 2002.

He joined Spectrum Laboratories Sdn Bhd as a Manager of the laboratory in 1990 and has been with the Group for more than 20 years. He graduated from Tunku Abdul Rahman College with a Diploma in Science and a Bachelor of Science degree in Chemistry and Mathematics from Campbell University (U.S.A.) in 1985. After graduation, he joined Sailcos Laboratories Sdn. Bhd. in 1986 as a Chemist where he remained for 4 years, familiarising with the laboratory operations and the laboratory business in general. He was admitted as a Licentiate of the Institut Kimia Malaysia in 1988.

He does not have any family relationship with other Directors and/or major shareholder of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and he has not been convicted for any offences in the past ten (10) year. He does not hold directorship of any other public listed company.

He attended all four (4) Board meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014. He is a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company.

IR. KOH THONG HOW Non-Executive Director

Ir. Koh Thong How, a Malaysian, aged 60, was appointed to the Board on 25 May 2002.

He received a Technician Diploma from Singapore Polytechnic in 1977 and subsequently pursued his studies in United Kingdom to obtain a Bachelor of Science degree in Civil Engineering (Honours) from University of Dundee in 1980. He then furthered his studies in Asian Institute of Technology, Thailand to obtain his Master of Engineering degree in Structural Engineering and Construction in 1982. He started his career with Jurutera Konsultant (SEA) Sdn Bhd as Design Engineer in 1982 and later moved to S Chan Project Consultancy Services Sdn Bhd as Senjor Engineer and was there until 1995. Thereafter he became the Technical Director (Civil and Structural) of Murray North (M) Sdn Bhd. In 1998, he left the company to venture into his own business, KP Perunding (Civil and Structural Consulting Engineers). He was admitted as a Corporate Member of the Institution of Engineers Malaysia ("IEM") in 1986 and was the Honorary Treasurer of IEM (Southern Branch) for 1988-89, 89-90 and 90-91 sessions and the Honorary Secretary of IEM (Southern Branch) for 1991-92, 92-93 and 93-94 sessions. He was registered as a Professional Engineer (Malaysia) in 1988. Since 1995, Ir. Koh Thong How has been providing advice as the engineering advisor for Hooker Chemical Sdn Bhd.

He is the brother-in-law of Pang Wee See. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and he has not been convicted for any offences in the past ten (10) years. He does not hold directorship of any other public listed company.

He attended all four (4) Board meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE (CONT'D)

DR. SEOW PIN KWONG Independent Non-Executive Director

Dr. Seow Pin Kwong, a Malaysian, aged 74, was appointed to the Board on 25 May 2002.

He graduated from University of Malaya with a Bachelor of Science degree in Chemistry in 1967. He began his career as a teacher and subsequently pursued his studies in France to obtain a doctorate degree in Macromolecular Sciences. Upon completion of his studies, he served as a lecturer with Mara Institute of Technology in 1974 and then joined the Rubber Research Institute of Malaya ("RRIM") as Research Officer in 1975. He was seconded to Malaysian Rubber Producers' Research Association ("MRPRA") from 1979 to 1981 as Research Scientist and returned to RRIM in 1981. He was promoted to Senior Research Officer in 1984 and retired from RRIM in 1995 to join Thong Fook Plastics Industries as General Manager/Technical Adviser of Research and Development until 1997. He also served as the Senior Technical Manager of MI Pipes (M) Sdn Bhd.

He does not have any family relationship with other Directors and/or major shareholder of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and he has not been convicted for any offences in the past ten (10) years. He does not hold directorship of any other public listed company.

He attended all four (4) Board meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014. He is the Chairman of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company.

CHENG SIM MENG Independent Non-Executive Director

Cheng Sim Meng, a Malaysian, aged 62, was appointed to the Board on 25 May 2002.

He is a Chartered Insurer and is a Fellow of the Chartered Insurance Institute (UK), Fellow of the Malaysian Insurance Institute, Associate of the India Insurance Institute, Associate of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (UK), Associate of the Malaysian Institute of Management, Fellow of the Singapore Insurance Institute and armed with a Masters degree in Business Administration from Universiti Putra Malaysia and holds various certificates in accounting. He was Associate of the Insurance Brokers Association of Malaysia and Member of the Malaysian Institute of Directors.

He has been in the insurance industry for more than thirty five years handling all aspects of general and life insurance in the areas of management, marketing, underwriting, claims, finance, investment, accounts and statistics, credit control, reinsurance, broking, net-working and distribution, training and leadership roles. He started his career as a clerk with a life insurance company (1972-1974) and thereafter a credit controller in a general insurance company (1974-1975). He joined a local insurance company in 1975 as an accounts assistant. He assumed the position of Manager of an insurance broking company in 1978. Subsequently, he ventured into business of an insurance agency from 1982 and has remained so until 2001. Subsequently, he was an Assistant General Manager (Commercial Lines Management) with a local insurance company. Currently he is a Practitioner in the scope of Training, Talent & Skills Development, Insurance Arbitration, Insurance claims consultancy & management, Insurance & Reinsurance -Consultancy & Risk Management and Insurance Skills & Technical Enhancement Programme (INSTEP).

Since 1982, he is involved on a part-time basis in education. He lectures and acts as course leader with the Malaysian Insurance Institute on various courses and training aspects, public seminars and conferences as well as lectures in TAR college, private institutes and colleges and financial institutions.

He does not have any family relationship with other Directors and/or major shareholder of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and he has not been convicted for any offences in the past ten (10) years. He does not hold directorship of any other public listed company.

He attended all four (4) Board meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014. He is a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE (CONT'D)

NG KOK ANN Independent Non-Executive Director

Ng Kok Ann, a Malaysian, aged 41, was appointed to the Board on 21 January 2009.

He graduated from the Association of Chartered Certified Accountant (ACCA), United Kingdom in 1999. He is a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA) and is a Chartered Accountant of Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA).

Mr. Ng started his career as an Audit Assistant with Ling Kam Hoong & Co. in 1999 and was involved in accounting, auditing and taxation and business advisory of companies from various industries. He left Ling Kam Hoong & Co. in 2003 and joined Terence Oh & Associates as Principal. Subsequently, he was appointed as Branch Manager of Yee Choon Kong & Co. in 2014. He is currently involved in corporate finance, tax planning, business advisory and secretarial functions of companies for various types of companies.

He does not have any family relationship with other Directors and/or major shareholder of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and he has not been convicted for any offences in the past ten (10) years. He does not hold directorship of any other public listed company.

He attended all four (4) Board meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014. He is a member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.

MADAM YEE OII PAH @ YEE OOI WAH Alternate Director to Pang Wee See

Yee Oii Pah @ Yee Ooi Wah, a Malaysian, aged 62, was appointed as an alternate Director to Pang Wee See on 25 May 2002.

She obtained her Bachelor degree in Pharmacy (Hons) from Universiti Sains Malaysia in 1978. She is a registered pharmacist with the Malaysian Pharmacy Board and also a member of the Malaysian Pharmaceutical Society. Upon graduation, she underwent one year of pupilage training. In 1979, she joined Mediko Farmasi Sdn Bhd as a pharmacist. She has since accumulated over 20 years of professional experience and exposure in the pharmaceutical industry. She also sits on the Board of another private company. She does not hold directorship of any other public listed company.

Madam Yee is the spouse of Pang Wee See. She has no conflict of interest with the Company and she has not been convicted for any offences in the past ten (10) years.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Brite-Tech Berhad, I am pleased to present the Annual Report and Financial Statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the financial year ended 31 December 2014, the Group recorded a decrease of 3.1% in revenue to RM23.796 million as compared to RM24.552 million in the previous financial year. However, the Group's profit before tax increased by 33.2% to RM6.138 million from RM4.607 million in the previous financial year.

The decrease in the Group's revenue was attributed to the lower revenue from both the environmental products and services segment and the system equipment and ancillary products segment of the Group while the increase in the Group's profit before tax as compared to the previous financial year was mainly due to the gain on disposal of land.

ECONOMIC AND INDUSTRY OUTLOOK

The Malaysian economy is expected to sustain its growth momentum in 2015 driven by resilient domestic demand and an improving external sector. Given the better outlook of the global economy and underpinned by the 2015 Budget measures to further support growth and transformation programmes, Growth Domestic Product (GDP) is expected to expand at a steady pace between 5% and 6% in 2015. However, there remain downside risks on the external front, including slow and uneven growth in the euro area, increased deflationary pressures in the advanced economies, slower growth in the emerging markets and sooner-than-expected normalisation of interest rates in the United States, as well as geopolitical tensions that could affect global growth.

The Eleventh Malaysia Plan (11MP) will be tabled in 2015 to accelerate the transformation to an advanced nation status. The Plan is expected to focus on further strengthening growth, particularly in services and manufacturing; harnessing human capital; promoting entrepreneurship, particularly among the youths; enhancing environmental management; improving well-being of the rakyat; and enhancing inclusiveness. The 11MP is also expected to promote greater dynamism of the private sector, especially SMEs to boost their contribution to the economy

(Source: Economic Report 2014/2015; Ministry of Finance Malaysia)

PROSPECTS

The Group will continue to focus on its existing business activities and concentrate on its core competencies while at the same time, improve its operational efficiency and cost management. As the Group expects the year ahead to remain challenging due to the competitive business conditions, the Group will continue to implement various cost saving measures and stringent cost control to counter the challenges ahead and to enhance the Group's competitiveness in the Group's industry.

The Group will continue to be constantly on the lookout for business and investment opportunities outside the Group's industry domain for opportunities which can bring financial stability to the Group.

Barring any unforeseen circumstances, the Board of Directors is of the opinion that the performance of the existing business of the Group is likely to remain satisfactory for the coming year.

DIVIDENDS

As recognition of your continuous support, the Board of Directors is pleased to recommend a final single tier dividend of 0.63 sen per share for the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONT'D)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to take this opportunity to express our sincere appreciation to the management and staff for their hard work and contribution to the Group; our valued shareholders, all regulatory authorities, bankers, customers and business associates for their co-operation and support.

Finally, I would like to express my sincere appreciation and gratitude to my fellow directors for their invaluable contributions and support.

PANG WEE SEE

Executive Chairman

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board of Directors ("Board") of the Company recognizes the importance of good corporate governance and is committed to promote the highest standards of corporate governance within the Group by supporting and implementing the principles and recommendations as outlined in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 ("MCCG 2012" or "the Code") and the relevant provisions of the Bursa Securities Listing Requirements for ACE Market.

The Board strives to ensure that high standards of corporate governance are practiced throughout the Group as a fundamental part of discharging its responsibilities to protect and enhance shareholders' value and the financial performance of the Company.

The Board is pleased to set out below our Corporate Governance Statement which describes how the Group has applied the principles of the Code and the extent to which it has complied with the recommendations set out in the Code during the financial year ended 31 December 2014. This statement also serves as a compliance with Rule 15.25 of the Bursa Securities Listing Requirements for ACE Market.

1. THE BOARD

Responsibilities of the Board a)

The Board has overall responsibility for the performance of the Group and its responsibilities include the following:-

- reviewing and adopting a strategic plan for the Group;
- overseeing the conduct of the Group's business to evaluate whether the business is being properly
- identifying principal risks and ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks;
- succession planning, including appointing, training, fixing the compensation of and where appropriate, replacing senior management;
- developing and implementing an investor relations programme or shareholder communications policy for the Group; and
- reviewing the adequacy and the integrity of the Group's internal control systems and management information systems, including system for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines.

Whilst Directors and management of the Company are aware of their respective roles and responsibilities. including limits of authority accorded, the Board recognizes the need to formalise such demarcation of duties to provide clarity and guidance to Directors and management. The Board will adopt a Board Charter at an appropriate time.

The Board also recognizes the need for the Company strategies to promote sustainability and regularly reviews the strategic direction of the Group as well as the progress of the Group's operations. The Board will take into consideration the environmental, social and governance aspects when developing the Company's strategies.

1. THE BOARD (CONT'D)

b) Composition of the Board

The Board currently consists of eight (8) members, comprising an Executive Chairman, three (3) Executive Directors, one (1) Non-Executive Director (Engineering) and three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors. This composition complies with Rule 15.02 of the Bursa Securities Listing Requirements for ACE Market which requires that at least two directors or one-third of the Board, whichever is the higher, comprises of independent directors.

The Company considers that its complement of non-executive directors provides an effective Board with a mix of industry-specific knowledge and broad business and commercial experience. The balance enables the Board to provide clear and effective leadership of the Company and to bring informed and independent judgment to many aspects of the Company's strategy and performance so as to ensure the highest standards of conduct and integrity are maintained throughout the Group.

No individual or group of individuals dominates the Board's decision making and the number of directors fairly reflects the investment of the shareholders.

The Board has a formal schedule of matters specifically reserved to it for decision to ensure that the direction and control of the Company is firmly in its hands.

The Code recommends that the Chairman of the Board is a Non-Executive member of the Board and the Board must comprise a majority of independent directors where the Chairman of the Board is not an independent director. Though the Company deviates from the recommendation of the Code, the Board believes that the interests of shareholders are best served by the Executive Chairman who is sanctioned by the shareholders and, who will act and safeguard the interests of shareholders as a whole. As the Executive Chairman is the major shareholder of the Company, he is well placed to act on behalf of the shareholders and in their best interests. The Board is of the view that the independent directors are able to exercise strong independent judgement and provide independent views and advice in all Board deliberations. The Board believes that the Executive Chairman is competent to act on behalf of the shareholders in their best interests and does not recommend the necessity of nominating an Independent Non-Executive Chairman at this juncture. The Board will look into identifying suitable candidates as independent directors but the process will be executed with due care and careful assessment to ensure that the suitable candidates are able to provide meaningful contribution to the effectiveness of the Board as a whole.

The Board acknowledges the need for gender diversity for good governance practices and to enhance the efficient functioning of the Board. The Board believes that the evaluation of any candidate's suitability is guided by the skills, experience, competency and knowledge of the individual candidate and it shall review any potential candidate wherever reasonably possible. The Company currently has one (1) female representation in the Board. The Board is comfortable with its current composition and does not consider that setting a short term target for gender diversity on the Board is appropriate at the current time

THE BOARD (CONT'D)

Board Meetings

The Board ordinarily meets at least four (4) times a year at quarterly interval with additional meetings convened when urgent and important decisions need to be taken between the scheduled meetings. There were four (4) meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

Details of the attendance of Directors at the Board meetings are as follows:-

Name	Designation	Attendance
Pang Wee See	Executive Chairman	4/4
Tan Boon Kok	Executive Director	4/4
Chan Ah Kien	Executive Director	4/4
Kan King Choy	Executive Director	4/4
Ir. Koh Thong How	Non-Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4
Dr. Seow Pin Kwong	Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4
Cheng Sim Meng	Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4
Ng Kok Ann	Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4

Based on the above, all Directors have complied with the minimum 50% attendance requirement in respect of Board meetings as stipulated in Rule 15.05 of the Bursa Securities Listing Requirements for

The Board is satisfied with the level of time commitment given by the Directors of the Company towards fulfilling their duties and responsibilities. This is evidenced by the attendance record of the Directors as set out herein above.

d) **Supply of Information**

All Directors receive appropriate and timely information which includes an agenda prior to the Board meetings to enable the Board to discharge its duties.

The Board receives information that is not just historical and bottom line and financial-oriented but information that is beyond assessing the quantitative performance of the Group and looks at other performance factors such as customer satisfaction, product and service quality, market share, market reaction, environmental performance. This enables the Board to deal with any item on the agenda to facilitate informed decision-making and thus enable the Board to discharge its duties effectively.

All Directors have full access to information pertaining to all matters for the purpose of making decisions. There is an agreed procedure for the Directors to take independent professional advice at the Company's expense, if necessary.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary who ensures compliance with statutory obligations, Bursa Securities Listing Requirements for ACE Market or other regulatory requirements. The removal of the Company Secretary shall be a matter for the Board as a whole.

The Board recognizes that the Company Secretary should be suitably qualified and capable to carry out the duties required. The Company Secretaries of the Company are suitably qualified and competent to support the Board and the Board is satisfied with the service and support rendered by the Company Secretaries to the Board in the discharge of their roles and responsibilities.

THE BOARD (CONT'D) 1.

Retirement and Re-election of Directors

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, at least one third of the Directors shall retire by rotation from office at least once in every three (3) years but shall be eligible for re-election.

All Directors who are appointed by the Board shall subject themselves for re-election by shareholders at the next Annual General Meeting immediately after their appointment.

Directors over seventy (70) years of age are subject to re-appointment by shareholders on an annual basis in accordance with Section 129(6) of the Companies Act. 1965.

The Board takes note that the Code recommends that the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years and upon completion of the nine years, an independent director may continue to serve on the Board subject to the director's re-designation as a non-independent director. In the event the director is to remain designated as an independent director, the Board shall first justify and seek shareholders' approval.

From the date the independent directors were appointed, they were required to give an undertaking to Bursa Securities confirming and declaring that they are independent directors as defined under Rule 1.01 of the Listing Requirements for ACE Market. The Board is of the view that the length of service of the independent directors for more than nine years does not interfere with their exercise of independent judgment or their ability to act in the best interest of the Company. On the other hand, length of service enables the independent directors to better understand the Company and its businesses over long term and therefore, better serve the interests of the Company and its shareholders by having long-term familiarity with and understanding of the Company, its operations and growth strategies.

The Board is satisfied that Dr. Seow Pin Kwong and Mr. Cheng Sim Meng has fulfilled the criterias and would recommend to retain them as independent directors of the Company, notwithstanding that they have served for more than nine years as independent directors. In view thereof, the Board has recommended that approval be sought for them to continue to serve as independent directors at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company

The Board observes the Code of Ethics for Company Directors established by the Companies Commission of Malaysia in discharging its role effectively. The Code of Ethics requires all Directors to observe high ethical business standards and to apply these values to all aspects of the Group's business and professional practices and to act in good faith in the best interest of the Group and its shareholders.

Directors' Training f)

All the Directors have attended and successfully completed the Mandatory Accreditation Programme (MAP) in accordance to Bursa Securities Listing Requirements for ACE Market.

The Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training programmes, seminars and courses to keep abreast with development in the business environment as well as with the new regulatory and statutory requirements. The Board will assess the training needs of the Directors and encourages the Directors to attend any relevant programme to further enhance their knowledge to enable them to discharge their responsibilities more effectively.

THE BOARD (CONT'D)

f) **Directors' Training (Cont'd)**

During the financial year ended 31 December 2014, the seminars and training courses attended by the Directors are as follows:

Directors	Seminar/Training Course Attended	
Pang Wee See	Bursa Malaysia Advocacy Sessions on Corporate Disclosure for Directors	
Tan Boon Kok	Bursa Malaysia Advocacy Sessions on Corporate Disclosure for Directors	
Chan Ah Kien	Bursa Malaysia Advocacy Sessions on Corporate Disclosure for Directors	
Kan King Choy	Bursa Malaysia Advocacy Sessions on Corporate Disclosure for Directors	
Ir. Koh Thong How	Bursa Malaysia Advocacy Sessions on Corporate Disclosure for Directors	
	Technical Talk on Automated Waste Collection System (AWCS)	
Dr. Seow Pin Kwong	Bursa Malaysia Program: Risk Management & Internal Control - Workshops for Audit Committee Members	
	Bursa Malaysia Program: Nominating Committee Program	
Cheng Sim Meng	Bursa Malaysia Program: Risk Management & Internal Control - Workshops for Audit Committee Members	
	Business Succession & Legacy Planning: How to Preserve Wealth for Future Generation Masterclass	
Ng Kok Ann	Tax Planning and Issues for Property Developers and Property Investors	
	A Comprehensive Review of Malaysian Private Entity Reporting Standards (MPERS)	

Other than as disclosed above, all the Directors have kept themselves abreast on the financial and business matters through readings to enable them to contribute to the Board. In addition, the Board was briefed at quarterly Board meetings on any changes to the relevant guidelines on the regulatory and statutory requirements by the Company Secretary.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION 2.

The Group's remuneration scheme for Executive Directors is linked to performance, seniority, experience and scope of responsibility and is benchmarked to market/industry practises. For Non-Executive Directors, the level of remuneration reflects the level of responsibilities undertaken by them.

Details of the aggregate remuneration of the Directors for the financial year ending 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	Executive Directors RM	Non-Executive Directors RM
Salaries and other emoluments	691,200	-
Bonuses	57,600	_
Fees	312,000	28,800
Total	1,060,800	28,800

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONT'D) 2.

The number of directors whose aggregate remuneration during the financial year ending 31 December 2014 which falls within the following bands is as follows:

Band of Remuneration	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Directors
RM 50,000 and below	_	4
RM200,001 - RM250,000	3	_
RM250,001 and above	1	_

The Board is of the view that the above disclosure, without divulging respective individual Director's remuneration so as to preserve a degree of privacy, is sufficient to meet the objectives set out in the Bursa Securities Listing Requirements for ACE Market.

BOARD COMMITTEES 3.

To assist the Board in the discharge of its duties effectively, the Board has delegated certain responsibilities to the Board Committees, which operate within clearly defined terms of reference.

a) **Audit Committee**

The composition and the terms of reference of the Audit Committee are set out in the Audit Committee Report on Page 22 of this Annual Report.

b) **Remuneration Committee**

The present members of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

Chairman:	Dr. Seow Pin Kwong	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Members:	Cheng Sim Meng	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Kan King Choy	(Executive Director)

The Committee's roles include making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration framework for Executive Directors of the Group as well as reviewing and recommending annual remuneration adjustments of the Executive Directors, where necessary, with the emphasis being placed on performance and comparability with market practises and the performance of the Group.

The Board, as a whole, determines the remuneration of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors and the individual Director is required to abstain from discussing his own remuneration.

Nomination Committee c)

The present members of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

Chairman:	Dr. Seow Pin Kwong	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Members:	Cheng Sim Meng	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Ng Kok Ann	(Independent Non-Executive Director)

(Appointed w.e.f. 12 March 2014)

Kan King Choy (Executive Director)

(Resigned w.e.f. 12 March 2014)

The Committee's role includes review and recommending of candidates to the Board for directorships and seats of Board committees. The Committee is also responsible for assessing the effectiveness of the Board and the various committees of the Board as a whole, and contribution of all members of the Board. It also reviews the appropriate Board balance and size, and that the Board has the required mix of expertise, skills, independence and experience.

4. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

a) **Financial Reporting**

The Board of Directors aims to provide and present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's financial performance and prospects through the annual financial statements, quarterly announcements to shareholders as well as Chairman's Statement and Financial Review in the Annual Report. In this respect, the Audit Committee assists the Board by overseeing the Group's financial reporting processes, the quality of the financial reporting and that the financial statements comply with applicable reporting standards.

b) **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the Group's system of risk management and internal controls that is designed to identify and manage the risks to which the Group is exposed. However, the Board recognizes that such system is structured to manage rather than eliminate possibility of encountering risk of failure to achieve corporate objectives.

The Group's overall internal controls system includes :-

- clearly established policies and procedures;
- regular review and update of policies and procedures to meet business needs;
- clearly defined job responsibilities and appropriate segregation of duties;
- regular internal audits to monitor compliance with policies, procedures, external regulations and assess integrity of financial information.

The internal audit function has been outsourced to an external independent internal audit service provider to advise and assist the Audit Committee in the internal audit functions of the Group.

These are covered in more detail in the "Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control" in Pages 25 to 27.

c) **Relationship with the Auditors**

The Board has established a transparent and independent relationship with the external auditors through the Audit Committee, which has been accorded the power to communicate directly with the external auditors, towards ensuring compliance with the accounting standards and other related regulatory requirements.

The Audit Committee will convene meetings with the external auditors without the presence of management as and when necessary. The Audit Committee also assesses and reviews the appointment, independence, performance and remuneration as well as the re-appointment of the external auditors before recommending to the Board for approval and subsequently to the shareholders for their reappointment during the Annual General Meeting.

5. RELATIONSHIP WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board maintains an effective and timely communications policy that enables both the Board and the management to communicate effectively with its shareholders, stakeholders and the public. The policy effectively interprets the operations of the Group to the shareholders and accommodates feedback from shareholders, which are factored into the Group's business decisions.

5. RELATIONSHIP WITH SHAREHOLDERS (CONT'D)

The Board communicates information on the operations, activities and performance of the Group to the shareholders, stakeholders and the public through the following:-

- the Annual Report, which contains the financial and operational review of the Group's business, corporate information, financial statements, and information on Audit Committee and Board of Directors;
- various announcements made to the Bursa Securities, which includes announcement on quarterly b) results;

In addition, the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") provides an opportunity for the shareholders to seek and clarify any matter pertaining to the business and financial performance of the Group. The Board encourage shareholders to attend and participate in the AGM held annually.

The Board takes note of the recommendation by the Code on the adoption of electronic voting and for the Board to encourage poll voting for substantive resolutions to facilitate greater shareholders' participation. The shareholders shall be informed of their right to demand a poll vote prior to the commencement of the general meeting and the Board will ensure that any vote of shareholders at the general meeting on the resolution approving related party transactions is taken on a poll. An announcement of the detailed results will be made showing the number of votes cast for and against each resolution. Presently, for non-substantive resolutions, the voting process at the AGM shall be voting by way of a show of hands for convenience purpose unless a poll is demanded by shareholders.

The Company maintains a website at www.brite-tech.com that allows all shareholders and investors to gain access information about the Group to encourage effective communication and proactive engagements with shareholders. The Company has yet to identify a senior independent non-executive director to whom concerns may be conveyed by shareholders and the general public. However, any enquiry regarding the Company and the Group may be conveyed to Mr. Kan King Choy, Executive Director, at kc_kan@brite-tech.com.my.

6. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE CODE

Except for the explanations provided above on any departures from the recommendations of the Code, the Board believes that the Company has, in all material aspects, complied with the recommendations of the Code throughout the financial year.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO THE FINANCIAL 7. **STATEMENTS**

The Directors are responsible in the preparation of financial statements prepared for each financial year to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Company and of the results and cash flow of the Group and the Company for the financial year then ended.

In ensuring the preparation of these financial statements, the Directors have:-

- adopted suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- ensured that applicable approved accounting standards have been complied with.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting and other records are kept which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and the Company and ensuring that the financial statements comply with the applicable Accounting Standards of Malaysia, the Companies Act 1965 and Bursa Securities Listing Requirements for ACE Market.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

The Audit Committee was established on 2002 and currently comprises the following committee members:

Chairman: Dr. Seow Pin Kwong Independent Non-Executive Director Members: Independent Non-Executive Director Cheng Sim Meng Ng Kok Ann Independent Non-Executive Director

TERMS OF REFERENCE 2.

Composition of Audit Committee a)

The Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board of Directors from amongst their members and shall comprise no fewer than three (3) members, the majority of whom shall be independent and all members should be non-executive directors. At least one (1) member must be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants or possess such other qualifications and/or experience approved by the Bursa Securities.

The members of the Audit Committee shall elect a Chairman from amongst its members who shall be an Independent Non-Executive Director. The Board of Directors must review the term of office and performance of the Audit Committee and each of its members at least once every three years to determine whether the Audit Committee has carried out their duties according with their terms of reference.

b) Meetings

The Audit Committee shall meet not less than four (4) times per year and as and when necessary. The quorum of each meeting shall be a minimum of two (2) members of which the majority must be Independent Non-Executive Directors. The presence of external auditors can be requested if required while other members of the Board and employees may attend the meeting upon the invitation of the Committee. The secretary to the Audit Committee shall be the Company Secretary and minutes of each meeting shall be distributed to each member of the Board. The Chairman of the Audit Committee shall report on each meeting to the Board.

c) **Authority**

The Audit Committee is authorised by the Board to investigate any activity of the Company and its subsidiaries within its terms of reference. The Committee shall have unrestricted access to information, records, properties and personnel of the Company and has direct communication channels with the external auditors and person(s) carrying out the internal audit function. The Committee shall have all the resources it needs to perform its duties at the cost of the Company including the right to appoint independent professionals to advice the Committee.

Notwithstanding the above, the Committee does not have executive powers, and shall report to the Board on matters considered and its recommendations thereon, pertaining to the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

2. TERMS OF REFERENCE (CONT'D)

d) **Duties and Responsibility**

The duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee shall include the following:

- To consider the appointment of the external auditor, the audit fee and any questions of resignation (i) or dismissal:
- To discuss with the external auditor before the audit commences, the nature and scope of the (ii) audit, and ensure co-ordination where more than one audit firm is involved:
- (iii) To discuss with the external auditor on the evaluation of the system of internal controls and the assistance given by the employees to the external auditors.
- To review and report to the Board if there is reason (supported by grounds) to believe that the external auditor is not suitable for reappointment.
- To review the quarterly and year-end financial statements of the Board, focusing particularly on: (v)
 - any changes in the accounting policies and practices;
 - significant adjustments arising from the audit;
 - the going concern assumption; and
 - compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements.
- To discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits, and any matter the auditors may wish to discuss (in the absence of the management where necessary);
- To review the external auditor's management letter and the management's response;
- (viii) To do the following where the internal audit function is outsourced:
 - review the adequacy of the scope, functions and resources of the internal audit function, and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work;
 - review the internal audit programme and results of the internal audit process and where necessary ensure that appropriate action is taken on the recommendations of the internal audit function;
 - review any appraisal or assessment of the performance of members of the internal audit function;
 - approve any appointment or termination of senior staff members of the internal audit function; and
 - inform itself of resignations of internal audit staff members and provide the resigning staff member an opportunity to submit his reasons for resigning.
- To consider any related party transactions that may arise within the Company or the Group; (ix)
- To consider the major findings of internal investigations and the management's response; (x)
- To consider other topics as defined by the Board from time to time.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

3. **SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES**

The Audit Committee held four (4) meetings during the financial year ended 31 December 2014. The details of their meetings are as follows:

Audit Committee Members	Attendance
Dr. Seow Pin Kwong	4/4
Cheng Sim Meng	4/4
Ng Kok Ann	4/4

The activities of the Audit Committee during the financial year ended 31 December 2014 include the following:-

- Reviewed the Group's quarterly unaudited financial statements prior to submission to the Board for consideration and approval for release to Bursa Securities;
- Reviewed the Group's year end audited financial statements prior to submission to the Board for (ii) consideration and approval;
- (iii) Reviewed with the scope of work and audit plan of the external auditors;
- Reviewed the scope of work and audit plan of the internal audit consultants for 2014 as well as reviewed the internal audit reports issued. Thereafter discussed with internal auditors and management on the management's response to the findings and recommendations;
- Reviewed the Corporate Governance Statement, Audit Committee Report and Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, and recommended the same to the Board for approval and disclosure in the Company's Annual report;
- (vi) Met with external auditors without the presence of management;
- (vii) Reviewed related party transactions within the Group;
- (viii) Reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control;
- Considered and recommended to the Board for approval the audit fees payable to external auditors. (ix)

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION 4.

The Group has outsourced its Internal Audit function to an external independent internal audit service provider to advise and assist the Audit Committee in the Internal Audit functions of the Group within the framework as directed by the Audit Committee, which is in accordance with Bursa Securities "Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers".

The internal audit activities during the financial year covered amongst others, areas such as sales and marketing, credit control and collection, financial reporting, purchases and payment, inventory management, quality assurance and managing customers' satisfaction.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

INTRODUCTION 1.

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Brite-Tech Berhad ("the Group") recognises that it is the Board's responsibility to review the adequacy and integrity of the Group's system of risk management and internal control. The Board is committed to maintain and ensure that a sound system of risk management and internal control exists and operates effectively within the Group of Companies and is pleased to provide this statement outlining the nature and scope of the risk management and internal control of the Group during the financial year under review pursuant to Paragraph 15.26(b) of the ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control is in compliance with Section 167A of the Companies Act, 1965 and in line with the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance (MCCG) 2012.

2. **BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Board acknowledges its responsibility and reaffirms its commitment in recognising the importance of effective and appropriate systems of internal control and risk management practices to enhance good corporate governance.

In this respect the Board is responsible for identifying principal risks, ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks and reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the Group's systems of risk management and internal control. The system of risk management and internal control covers inter alia, governance, risk management, financial organisation, operational and compliance control.

However, the Board recognises that this system is designed to manage and control risk appropriately rather than eliminate the risks of failure to achieve business objectives. Accordingly, these systems can only provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance against material misstatement of management and financial information and, records or against financial losses or fraud.

The Board also acknowledges the guidelines on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control (Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers) which further emphasises the need for maintaining a sound system of risk management and internal control.

The Board is of the view that the system of risk management and internal controls in place for the year under review and up to the date of issuance of the financial statements is sound and sufficient to safeguard the shareholders' investment, the interests of customers, regulators and employees, and the Group's assets.

In line with the Guidelines, the Executive Chairman and the Management have provided assurance to the Board stating that the Group's risk management and internal control systems have operated adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, to meet the Group's objective during the financial year under review.

The management assists the Board in the implementation of the Board's policies and procedures on risk and control by identifying and assessing the risks faced, and in the design, operation and monitoring of suitable internal controls to mitigate and control these risks.

3 RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

Risk management is embedded in the Group's management systems. The Board together with the Audit Committee has established an on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group and this process includes updating of the system of internal controls when there are changes to business environment or regulatory guidelines. The process is regularly reviewed by the Board and accords with the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidance for Directors of Listed Issuers.

The Group's Internal Audit function is outsourced to external consultants to assist the Board and Audit Committee in providing independent assessment on the adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The scope of the review of the outsourced internal audit function is determined by the Audit Committee with feedback from Executive Management.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION (CONT'D) 3.

In this respect, internal audits are carried out in accordance with the audit plan approved by the Audit Committee and focuses on the identified areas of risks with priority towards the management of the significant risks impacting the achievement of the business objectives of the Group.

The risk management and internal controls are established after considering the overall control environment of the Group. The systems are designed to achieve proper balance between risks undertaken and the potential returns to shareholders.

The Group adopts an enterprise wide risk management policy. This policy framework has since identified and managed the significant risks affecting the Group as a whole taking into consideration both the internal and external factors. The outsourced internal audit function is currently in the process of executing the approved internal audit plan.

The costs incurred for the outsourced internal audit function for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to RM36,000.

KEY INTERNAL CONTROL PROCESSES 4.

The Board has considered the system of internal control in operation during the financial year and some of the key elements include the following:

- Periodic Board and management meetings to review financial performance and business operations of the Group to ensure that they are in line with the corporate objectives, strategies and annual budget;
- A comprehensive annual budget prepared for the Group is reviewed and approved by the management. Management accounts/reports are prepared and the actual performance compared with the budget is reviewed on a monthly basis with detailed explanation of any major variances;
- Board Committees, namely the Audit Committee, Remuneration and Nomination Committee have been established with defined terms of reference;
- A management organisation structure with clearly defined lines of responsibilities and appropriate levels of delegation and authority;
- Standard operating procedures for the MS ISO/IEC 17025 for the analytical laboratory services business of the Group is documented; internal quality audits are carried out by the management and surveillance audits are conducted periodically by a certification body to provide assurance of compliance with the ISO;
- There are proper guidelines within the Group for hiring and termination of staff, formal training programmes for staff, annual or semi-annual performance appraisals and other relevant procedures in place to ensure that staff are competent and adequately trained in carrying out their responsibilities;
- Through the internal audit process, the effectiveness of the internal control procedures are subject to continuous assessment, reviews and improvements:
- Continuous reviews on established systems to ensure compliance with policies, plans, procedures and regulations which have a material impact to the Company and the Group's operations and well-being;
- The Audit Committee reviews the quarterly financial results, annual report, audited financial statements, Group's risk profile and internal control issues identified by the External Auditors, Internal Auditors and the management; and
- The internal audit function reviews the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal control. The internal audit function reports its findings to the Audit Committee on quarterly basis. During the financial year, some areas of improvement to internal control were identified and addressed. Nevertheless, the identified weaknesses in the internal control have not resulted in any losses and/or require further disclosure in this Statement.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

CONCLUSION 5.

The Board is of the view that the systems of risk management and internal controls in place for the year under review and up to the date of issuance of the financial statements is sound and sufficient to safeguard the shareholders' investment, the interests of customers, regulators and employees, and the Group's assets.

The Board also recognises that the systems of risk management and internal control must continuously improve in line with the growth of the Group and evolving business environment. Therefore, the Board is committed to put in place adequate plans, where necessary, to continuously improve the Group's system of risk management and internal control.

This statement was made in accordance with a resolution of the Board dated 20 April 2015.

REVIEW BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS 6.

The external auditors have reviewed this statement on risk management and internal control and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the process adopted by the Board in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the system of risk management and internal control.

OTHER COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS 1.

There were no proceeds raised by the Company from any corporate proposal during the financial year.

SHARE BUYBACK 2.

During the financial year, the Company did not enter into any share buyback transaction.

OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES 3.

During the financial year, no option, warrants or convertible securities were issued by the Company.

DEPOSITORY RECEIPT PROGRAMME 4.

During the financial year, the Company did not sponsor any Depository Receipt programme.

SANCTIONS AND/OR PENALTIES 5.

During the financial year, there were no sanctions and/or penalties imposed on the Company and its subsidiaries, directors or management by the relevant regulatory bodies.

NON-AUDIT FEES 6.

During the financial year, the total non-audit fees paid to the external auditors by the Group amounted to RM 3,000.

7. PROFIT ESTIMATES, FORECAST OR PROJECTION

There was no profit estimate, forecast or projection issued by the Company and/or its subsidiaries for the financial year.

VARIATION OF RESULTS 8.

There was no significant variance between the results for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 as per the audited financial statements and the unaudited results previously announced.

PROFIT GUARANTEE 9.

There was no profit guarantee issued by the Company and/or its subsidiaries for the financial year.

10. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

There were no material contracts entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries which involved the directors and substantial shareholders' interest during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

OTHER COMPLIANCE INFORMATION (CONT'D)

11. REVALUATION POLICY ON LANDED PROPERTIES

The Group does not have a revaluation policy on landed properties.

12. RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION OF REVENUE NATURE

The Company does not have any recurrent related party transaction of revenue nature during the financial year.

13. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Apart from giving some token donations to certain charity organization, the Group did not undertake any corporate social responsibility activities during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services to subsidiary companies.

The principal activities of the subsidiary companies are disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Group RM	Company RM
Profit for the financial year	5,180,837	1,891,879
Profit attributable to: Owners of the Company	5.147.648	1,891,879
Non-controlling interests	33,189	-
	5,180,837	1,891,879

In the opinion of the directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provision during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

DIVIDENDS

The amount of dividends paid by the Company since 31 December 2013 were as follows:

RM

In respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2013, as reported in the Directors' report of that financial year:

Final dividend under the Single Tier System of 0.63 sen per share, on 252,000,000 ordinary shares, was declared on 23 May 2014 and paid on 9 June 2014.

1.587.598

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final tax exempt (single-tier) dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014, of 0.63 sen on 252,000,000 ordinary shares, amounting to a dividend payable of RM1,587,600 will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 December 2015.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

There were no changes in the authorised, issued and paid up capital of the Company during the financial year.

There were no debentures issued during the financial year.

OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company in office since the date of the last report and at the date of this report are:

PANG WEE SEE TAN BOON KOK CHAN AH KIEN KAN KING CHOY IR. KOH THONG HOW DR. SEOW PIN KWONG CHENG SIM MENG YEE OII PAH @ YEE OOI WAH (F) (Alternate Director to Pang Wee See) NG KOK ANN

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

None of the directors of the Company has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the directors shown in the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

During and at the end of the financial year, no arrangements subsisted to which the Company was a party, whereby directors of the Company might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares in the Company during the financial year were as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares of RM0.10 each			
	01.01.2014	Acquired	Sold	31.12.2014
PANG WEE SEE	113,152,861	_	_	113,152,861
TAN BOON KOK	24,821,963	_	_	24,821,963
CHAN AH KIEN	25,213,147	_	_	25,213,147
KAN KING CHOY	10,215,841	_	_	10,215,841
IR. KOH THONG HOW	487,200	_	(150,000)	337,200
DR. SEOW PIN KWONG	305,760	_	_	305,760
YEE OII PAH @ YEE OOI WAH (F) (Alternate Director to Pang Wee See)	487,200	-	-	487,200

By virtue of their interests in the shares of the Company, all the above Directors are also deemed to have interests in the shares of the subsidiary companies to the extent that the Company has an interest.

Other than disclosed above, the Directors in office at the end of the financial year did not have any interest in the shares of the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR **(I)**

- Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took (a) reasonable steps:
 - to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts; and
 - to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their values as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

FROM THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO THE DATE OF THIS REPORT

- The directors are not aware of any circumstances:
 - which would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for (i) doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent: or
 - which would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the (ii) Group and of the Company misleading, or
 - which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- In the opinion of the directors: (c)
 - there has not arisen any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect (i) substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report was made; and
 - no contingent or other liability has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet its obligations as and when they fall due.

(III) AT THE DATE OF THIS REPORT

- There are no charges on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of (d) the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person.
- (e) There are no contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs CAS & Associates, Chartered Accountants have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 20 April 2015.

PANG WEE SEE

Director

KAN KING CHOY

Director

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(15) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

The directors of BRITE-TECH BERHAD do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 38 to 98 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

In the opinion of the Directors, the information set out in note 42 on page 99 to the financial statements has been compiled in accordance with the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 20 April 2015.

PANG WEE SEE KAN KING CHOY Director Director

STATUTORY DECLARATION

PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(16) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

I. PANG WEE SEE, being the Officer primarily responsible for the accounting records and financial management of BRITE-TECH BERHAD, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 38 to 99 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by **PANG WEE SEE** at Puchong in the state of Selangor Darul Ehsan on 20 April 2015

PANG WEE SEE

Before me,

NG SAY JIN

Commissioner for Oath

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITE-TECH BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the financial statements of BRITE-TECH BERHAD, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 DECEMBER 2014 of the Group and of the Company, and statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 38 to 98.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 December 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and of the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITE-TECH BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA) (CONT'D)

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the (a) Company and its subsidiaries have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- We are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial (b) statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (c) Our audit reports on the financial statements of the subsidiary companies did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

OTHER REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

The supplementary information set out in Note 42 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the financial statements. The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

CAS & ASSOCIATES

[No. AF 1476] **Chartered Accountants**

CHEN VOON HANN

[No. 2453/07/15(J)] Partner of the firm

Puchong

Date: 20 April 2015

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

			Group	С	ompany
	Note	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
ASSETS EMPLOYED					
NON CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment	5	21,287,321	22,314,358	8,707	10,485
Investment properties	6	3,240,000	3,240,000	_	_
Investment in subsidiary companies	7	_	_	18,447,198	18,847,198
Investment in associated company	8	_	_	_	_
Other investment	9	_	152,100	_	152,100
Goodwill	10	1,168,052	1,568,052	_	_
		25,695,373	27,274,510	18,455,905	19,009,783
CURRENT ASSETS					
Inventories	11	1,147,640	1,524,613	_	_
Trade receivables	12	6,865,427	6,877,827	358,680	447,000
Other receivables, deposits		-,,	-,- ,-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,===
and prepayments	13	1,187,927	836,621	2,387	1,595,800
Amount due from a					
subsidiary company	14	_	_	_	2,309,522
Tax recoverable		84,555	38,970	20,085	16,800
Short term investments	15	14,481,041	7,972,766	8,477,921	2,519,035
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	16	727,483	3,498,455	_	1,252,434
Cash and bank balances		2,393,979	1,714,206	139,805	45,059
		26,888,052	22,463,458	8,998,878	8,185,650
TOTAL ASSETS		52,583,425	49,737,968	27,454,783	27,195,433

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

			Group	С	ompany
	Note	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
	Note	Tilvi	Tilvi	11101	11101
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
EQUITY					
Share capital	17	25,200,000	25,200,000	25,200,000	25,200,000
Revaluation reserve	18	6,491,182	7,061,290	_	_
Retained earnings	19	14,517,473	10,163,390	2,143,024	1,838,743
Total equity attributable to					
owners of the Company		46,208,655	42,424,680	27,343,024	27,038,743
Non controlling interest		714,705	681,516	_	_
TOTAL EQUITY		46,923,360	43,106,196	27,343,024	27,038,743
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Deferred taxation	20	1,473,774	1,914,180	_	_
Loan and borrowings	21	777,930	643,919	-	-
		2,251,704	2,558,099	_	_
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade payables	22	1,434,527	2,270,528	_	_
Other payables and accruals	23	1,395,033	1,193,060	109,778	156,690
Amount due to directors	24	113,709	110,419	1,981	_
Bank overdraft	25	99,644	96,760	_	_
Loan and borrowings	21	234,590	179,330	_	_
Provision for taxation		130,858	223,576	-	-
		3,408,361	4,073,673	111,759	156,690
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,660,065	6,631,772	111,759	156,690
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		52,583,425	49,737,968	27,454,783	27,195,433

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

			Group		mpany
	Note	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Revenue	26	23,796,446	24,552,320	3,306,800	2,889,800
Cost of sales		(13,355,591)	(14,546,845)	-	_
GROSS PROFIT		10,440,855	10,005,475	3,306,800	2,889,800
Other operating income		2,203,768	363,915	166,191	-
Administrative expenses		(6,162,607)	(5,239,823)	(1,425,376)	(1,494,890)
Other operating expenses		(374,304)	(630,842)	(1,778)	(7,725)
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS		6,107,712	4,498,725	2,045,837	1,387,185
Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies		_	_	(400,000)	(200,000)
Impairment loss of goodwill		(400,000)	(200,000)	-	-
Finance income	27	479,455	354,518	246,042	207,900
Finance costs	28	(49,103)	(46,424)	-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	30	6,138,064	4,606,819	1,891,879	1,395,085
Taxation	31	(957,227)	(1,183,384)	-	-
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		5,180,837	3,423,435	1,891,879	1,395,085
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	_
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		5,180,837	3,423,435	1,891,879	1,395,085

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

			Group	Co	ompany
	Note	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION ATTRIBUTABLE TO:					
Owners of the company		5,147,648	3,350,089	1,891,879	1,395,085
Non-controlling interest		33,189	73,346	_	_
		5,180,837	3,423,435	1,891,879	1,395,085
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:					
Owners of the company		5,147,648	3,350,089	1,891,879	1,395,085
Non-controlling interest		33,189	73,346	_	
		5,180,837	3,423,435	1,891,879	1,395,085
Basic earning per share attributable to owners	00	0.04	4.00		
of the company (sen)	32	2.04	1.33		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

		Attrik	outable to equity	Attributable to equity holders of the Company	Sompany		
		Non-d	Non-distributable	Distributable			
2014 Group	Note	Share capital RM	Revaluation reserve RM	Retained earnings RM	Total RM	Non- controlling interest RM	Total equity RM
Balance as at 1 January 2014		25,200,000	7,061,290	10,163,390	42,424,680	681,516	43,106,196
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		I	I	5,147,648	5,147,648	33,189	5,180,837
Transfer from deferred taxation upon disposal	20	I	223,925	1	223,925	I	223,925
Realisation of revaluation reserve on disposal	18	1	(794,033)	794,033	I	I	ı
Dividend - By the Company - By subsidiaries to	33	I	I	(1,587,598)	(1,587,598)	I	(1,587,598)
non-controlling interests		1	1	1	I	1	1
Balance as at 31 December 2014		25,200,000	6,491,182	14,517,473	46,208,655	714,705	46,923,360

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

		Attrik	outable to equity	Attributable to equity holders of the Company	Sompany		
		Non-d	Non-distributable	Distributable			
2013 Group	Note	Share capital RM	Revaluation reserve RM	Retained earnings RM	Total RM	Non- controlling interest RM	Total equity RM
Balance as at 1 January 2013		25,200,000	7,333,752	8,325,300	40,859,052	668,170	41,527,222
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		ı	ı	3,350,089	3,350,089	73,346	3,423,435
Additional deferred tax liability on revaluation reserve	20	I	(272,462)	ı	(272,462)	I	(272,462)
Dividend - By the Company	33	I	ı	(1,511,999)	(1,511,999)	I	(1,511,999)
non-controlling interests		I	1	I	I	(60,000)	(000,000)
Balance as at 31 December 2013		25,200,000	7,061,290	10,163,390	42,424,680	681,516	43,106,196

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Note	Share capital RM	Retained earnings RM	Total RM
Company				
Balance as at 1 January 2013		25,200,000	1,955,657	27,155,657
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		_	1,395,085	1,395,085
Dividend paid	33	-	(1,511,999)	(1,511,999)
Balance as at 31 December 2013		25,200,000	1,838,743	27,038,743
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		_	1,891,879	1,891,879
Dividend paid	33	_	(1,587,598)	(1,587,598)
Balance as at 31 December 2014		25,200,000	2,143,024	27,343,024

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

		2014	Group 2013	2014	ompany 2013
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before taxation		6,138,064	4,606,819	1,891,879	1,395,085
Adjustments for:					
Gain on disposal of property,					
plant and equipment		(1,834,330)	(100)	_	_
Gain on disposal of other					
investment		(147,900)	_	(147,900)	_
Depreciation of property,					
plant and equipment	30	773,443	804,380	1,778	7,725
Property, plant and equipment					
written off	30	16,690	54,073	-	-
Finance income	27	(479,455)	(354,518)	(246,042)	(207,900)
Finance costs	28	49,103	46,424	_	_
Bad debts written off		584,713	7,870	_	_
Impairment loss on goodwill	10	400,000	200,000	_	_
Allowance for impairment					
loss on trade receivables	12	221,659	114,139	(4.050.000)	- (4.000.000)
Dividend income		_	-	(1,950,000)	(1,683,800)
Inventories written off		_	109,098	_	_
Impairment loss on investment	-			400.000	000 000
in subsidiary companies	7			400,000	200,000
Operating profit/(loss) before					
working capital changes		5,721,987	5,588,185	(50,285)	(288,890)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		376,973	(355,486)	_	_
(Increase)/decrease in receivables		(1,145,278)	(651,079)	2,397,455	2,370,584
(Decrease)/increase in payables		(630,738)	626,087	(44,931)	(53,716)
Cash generated from operations		4,322,944	5,207,707	2,302,239	2,027,978
Interest received		479,455	354,518	246,042	207,900
Interest paid		(49,103)	(46,424)	_	<u> </u>
Income tax refund		32,325	28,722	21,000	16,002
Income tax paid		(1,344,337)	(1,233,752)	(24,285)	(16,800)
Net cash generated from					
operating activities		3,441,284	4,310,771	2,544,996	2,235,080

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

	Note	2014 RM	Group 2013 RM	2014 RM	ompany 2013 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Additional investment in					
a subsidiary company Purchase of property, plant		_	_	_	(3,629,000)
and equipment	34	(1,912,623)	(2,829,677)	_	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		4,355,108	100	_	_
Proceeds from disposal of other investment		300,000	_	300,000	_
Dividends received		-	-	3,543,800	90,000
Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities		2,742,485	(2,829,577)	3,843,800	(3,539,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of loan and borrowings Dividend paid to the owners of		(181,979)	(132,853)	-	-
the Company		(1,587,598)	(1,511,999)	(1,587,598)	(1,511,999)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests		_	(60,000)	_	_
Net cash used in					
financing activities		(1,769,577)	(1,704,852)	(1,587,598)	(1,511,999)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,414,192	(223,658)	4,801,198	(2,815,919)
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the financial year		13,088,667	13,312,325	3,816,528	6,632,447
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the financial year		17,502,859	13,088,667	8,617,726	3,816,528
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:					
Short term investments		14,481,041	7,972,766	8,477,921	2,519,035
Fixed deposits with licensed banks Cash and bank balances		727,483 2,393,979	3,498,455 1,714,206	- 139,805	1,252,434 45,059
Bank overdraft		(99,644)	(96,760)	-	-
		17,502,859	13,088,667	8,617,726	3,816,528

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The Company's registered office is located at B-25-2, Block B, Jaya One, No. 72A, Jalan Universiti, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The principal place of business of the Company is located at Lot 14 (PT 5015), Jalan Pendamar 27/90, Seksyen 27, 40000 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") and the Group's interest in associates. The financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 do not include other entities.

The Company is principally engaged in the business of investment holding and provision of management services to subsidiary companies. The principal activities of its subsidiary companies are set out in Note 7 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 20 April 2015.

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (MFRS), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The accounting policies adopted by the Company are consistent with those adopted in the previous years.

MFRSs and Amendments to MFRSs that have been Issued but Not Yet Effective to the Group and the Company

The Group and the Company have not early adopted the following accounting standards that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) as these are effective for financial period beginning on or after 1 July 2014.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Statement of compliance (Cont'd)

MFRSs and Amendments to MFRSs that have been Issued but Not Yet Effective to the Group and the Company (Cont'd)

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

Amendments to MFRS 119 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions

Annual improvements to MFRSs 2010 - 2012 Cycle Annual improvements to MFRSs 2011 - 2013 Cycle

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

MFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

Amendments to MFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interest in Joint Operations

Amendments to MFRS 127 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

Amendments to MFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

and MFRS 128 Associate or Joint Venture

Amendments to MFRS 116 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and

and MFRS 138 Amortisation

Amendments to MFRS 116 Agriculture: Bearer Plants

and MFRS 141

Annual improvements to MFRSs 2012 - 2014 Cycle

Amendments to MFRS 10. Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception

MFRS 12 & MFRS 128

Amendments to MFRS101 Disclosure Initiative

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017

MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 as issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") in July 2014)

The Group and the Company will adopt the above mentioned standards, amendments or interpretations, if applicable, when they become effective in the respective financial year.

The directors expect that there are no material impact upon the initial application of the standards, amendments or interpretations other than discussed below:

MFRS 9, Financial Instruments

MFRS 9 replaces the guidance in MFRS 139, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement on classification and measurement of financial assets. Upon adoption of MFRS 9, all financial assets will be measured at either fair value or amortised cost.

The adoption of MFRS 9 will result in a change in accounting policy. The Group and the Company are currently assessing the financial impact of adopting MFRS 9.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D) 2.

2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements of the Group and the Company have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the financial statements.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM), which is the Group's and the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in RM, unless otherwise stated.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014.

The financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company, using consistent accounting policies to like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

Subsidiaries are consolidated using the acquisition method of accounting. Under the acquisition method of accounting, subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

All intercompany balances, income and expenses and unrealized gain or loss transactions between Group and subsidiary Companies are eliminated.

Non-controlling interests ("NCI") represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not owned, directly and indirectly by the Company. NCI are presented separately in the consolidated income statements and statements of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, but separate from parent shareholders' equity. Total comprehensive income is allocated against the interest of NCI, even if this results in a deficit balance. Acquisition of NCI are accounted for using the parent entity extension method, whereby the difference between the consideration and the fair value of the share of the net assets acquired is recognized equity.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group losses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary at their carrying
- Derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest in the former subsidiary;
- Derecognises the cumulative foreign exchange translation differences recorded in equity;
- Recognises the fair value of the consideration received;
- Recognises the fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary;
- Recognises any surplus or deficit in the profit or loss; and
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income ("OCI") to profit or loss or retained earnings, if required in accordance with other MFRSs.

All of the above will be accounted for from the date when control is lost.

The accounting policies for business combination and goodwill are disclosed in Note 3.3.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.2 Investment in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company has such power over another entity.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment losses. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 3.7 below. On disposal of such investments, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Business combination and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interest in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and included in administrative expenses. When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of MFRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("MFRS 139") is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of MFRS 139, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate MFRS. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the gain is recognised in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually, or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may by impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 3.7.

Where goodwill has been allocated to cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that cashgenerating unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative fair values of the operations disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D) 3.

3.4 Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The considerations made in determining significant influence are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries.

The Group's investments in its associate is accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment.

The statement of profit or loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of an associate is shown on the face of the statement of profit or loss outside operating profit and represents profit or loss after tax and non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries of the associate.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, then recognises the loss as 'Share of profit of an associate' in the statement of profit or loss.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment initially recognised includes its purchase price and any cost that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Cost also includes borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of a qualifying asset.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the profit or loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

When an asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of a revaluation, the increase is recognised in other comprehensive income as a revaluation surplus reserve. When the asset's carrying amount is decreased as a result of a revaluation, the decrease is recognised in profit or loss. However, the decrease is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus reserve of that asset.

Freehold land and buildings and leasehold land and buildings are stated at their revalued amount, being its fair value at the date of revaluation, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent impairment losses, if any. Revaluation is made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the reporting date.

Except for freehold land and construction-in-progress, depreciation on the property, plant and equipment is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of the assets to their residual values on a straight line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, summarised as follows:

Freehold buildings

Remaining lease period of 51 to 71 years Leasehold land

Electrical fittings 5-10% Motor vehicles 10-25%

Furniture and fittings, laboratory, office,

store equipment and signboard 5-25%

Demo equipment, research and development

10% equipment and machinery Renovation 10-20%

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is ready for its intended use.

Freehold land is not depreciated as it has an infinite life.

Building under construction in property, plant and equipment are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

Residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

At each reporting date, the Group and the Company assess whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, an analysis is performed to assess whether the carrying amount of the asset is fully recoverable. A write down is made if the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. See accounting policy Note 3.7 on impairment of non-financial assets.

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amounts and are included in the profit or loss. On disposal of revalued assets, amounts in the revaluation reserve relating to those assets are transferred to retained earnings.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D) 3.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost and subsequently at fair value, representing open market value determined annually by external valuers or assessed by the Directors. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific assets. If this information is not available, the Group will use alternative valuation method such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recognised in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

Investment property is derecognised when either it has been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss in the vear of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. For a transfer from owner- occupied property to investment property, the property is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

Impairment of non-financial assets 3.7

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group and the Company make an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

For goodwill, property, plant and equipment that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated at each financial year end or more frequently when indicators of impairment are identified.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units ("CGU")).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the assets are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss except for assets that are previously revalued where the revaluation was taken to other comprehensive income. In this case, the impairment is also recognised in other comprehensive income up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only when there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the assets recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of that asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is measured at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.8 Other investment

Investment in unquoted shares is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Other investment is classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is charged or credited to the statements of comprehensive income.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a first-in-first-out basis. Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress includes raw materials, direct labour and appropriate proportion of production overheads. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

3.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits, and short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These also include bank overdrafts that form an intergral part of the Group's cash management.

3.11 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group and the Company has become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

A financial asset is recognised initially, at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of financial assets upon initial recognition. The categories include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables, held-to-maturity ("HTM") investments and available-for-sale ("AFS") financial assets.

3.11.1 Financial assets at FVTPL

The Group and the Company do not have any financial assets at FVTPL at the current and previous financial year ends.

3 11 2 HTM investments

The Group and the Company do not have any HTM investments at the current and previous financial year ends.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D) 3.

3.11 Financial assets (Cont'd)

3.11.3 Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the loans and receivables are impaired or derecognised.

Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the financial year end; these are classified as non-current.

3.11.4 AFS financial assets

AFS financial assets are financial assets that are designated as such or are not classified in any of the three preceding categories. The Group's and the Company's AFS financial assets comprise investment in unquoted shares. Investments in unquoted shares whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Dividends on an AFS equity instrument are recognised in profit or loss when the Group and the Company's right to receive payment is established.

AFS financial assets which are not expected to be realised within 12 months after the financial year end are classified as non-current assets.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

3.12 Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred; the Group and the Company may consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

3.12.1 Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on similar risk characteristics. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.12 Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

3.12.1 Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Cont'd)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

3.12.2 AFS financial assets

In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost. 'Significant' is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and 'prolonged' against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. When there is evidence of impairment the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the profit or loss - is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through profit or loss; increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

3.13 Share capital

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

3.14 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.14 Financial liabilities (Cont'd)

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as described below:

3.14.1 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by MFRS 139. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in MFRS 139 are satisfied.

3.14.2 Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

3.15 Leases

3.15.1 Finance lease

Leases in terms of which the Group or the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

Leasehold land which in substance is a finance lease is classified as property, plant and equipment.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.15 Leases (Cont'd)

3.15.2 Operating lease

Leases, where the Group or the Company does not assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases and, except for property interest held under operating lease, the leased assets are not recognised on the statement of financial position. Property interest held under an operating lease, which is held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, is classified as investment property and measured using fair value model.

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

3.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred with any difference between the initial fair value and proceeds (net of transaction costs) being charged to profit or loss at initial recognition. In subsequent periods, borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method with the difference between the initial fair value and the redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings.

Profit, interest, dividends, losses and gains relating to a financial instrument, or a component part, classified as a liability is reported within finance cost in the profit or loss.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group and the Company have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the financial position date.

Borrowing costs incurred to finance the construction of property, plant and equipment are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are expensed.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

3.17 Income tax

3.17.1 Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D) 3.

3.17 Income tax (Cont'd)

3.17.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income tax levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

3.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company have a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at each financial year end adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

3.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the Company and the revenue can be reliaby measured. Revenue is measure at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

3.19.1 Sale of goods and services

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownerships of the goods have been transferred to the buyer. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivables, net of discounts and taxes applicable to the revenue. Revenue from services is recognised upon services rendered.

3.19.2 Contract income

Revenue from contract income is recognised based on percentage of completion method over the period of contract for all systems integration projects where a fixed contract sum has been agreed upfront. Full provision is made for foreseeable losses, if any.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.19 Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

3.19.3 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment is established.

3.19.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective rate over period of maturity.

3.19.5 Management fee

Management fee is recognised on an accrual basis when service is rendered.

3.19.6 Rental income

Rental income is recognised on an accrual basis.

3.20 Employee benefits

3.20.1 Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, social security contributions, paid annual leave, paid sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are recognised as expense in the financial year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group and the Company. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term nonaccumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

3.20.2 Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefits plans under which the Group and the Company pays fixed contributions into separate entities or funds and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if any of the funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee services in the current and preceding financial years. The contributions are charged as an expense in the financial year in which the employees render their services. As required by law, the Group and the Company make such contributions to the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF").

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D) 3.

3.21 Foreign currencies

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group and the Company operate ["the functional currency"]. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ["RM"], which is also the Group's and the Company's functional currency.

Transactions in currencies other than the Group's and the Company's functional currency ["foreign currencies" are recorded in the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the reporting date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are included in profit or loss for the period. Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity.

3.22 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are disclosed in Note 38, including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

3.23 Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is not recognised in the Statements of Financial Position and is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.24 Related parties

A party is related to an entity if:-

- (i) directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the party:
 - controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the entity (this includes parents, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries):
 - has an interest in the entity that gives it significant influence over the entity; or
 - has joint control over the entity:
- (ii) the party is an associated of the entity:
- the party is a joint venture in which the entity is a venturer;
- the party is a member of the key management personnel of the entity or its parent;
- the party is a closed member of the family of any individual referred to in (i) or (iv);
- (vi) the party is an entity that is controlled, joint controlled or significantly influenced by, or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (iv) or (v); or
- the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the entity, or of any (vii) entity that is a related party of the entity.

Close members of the family of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with entity.

3.25 Fair value measurement

From 1 March 2013, the Group and the Company adopted FRS 13 Fair Value Measurement which prescribed that fair value of an asset or a liability, except for share-based payment and lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transactions between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In accordance with the transitional provision of FRS 13, the Group and the Company applied the new fair value measurement guidance prospectively, and has not provided any comparative fair value information for new disclosures. The adoption of FRS 13 has not significantly affected the measurements of the Group's and the Company's assets or liabilities other than the additional disclosures.

3.26 Earnings per ordinary share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares ("EPS").

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise convertible notes and share options granted to employees.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Group's and the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

4.1 Judgements made in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, there were no critical judgements made by management on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

4.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Revaluation of investment properties 4.2.1

The Group carries its investment properties at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

The Group engaged an independent valuation specialist to assess fair value as at 31 December 2011 for investment properties. A valuation methodology based on comparison method of valuation (open market value) was used, which entails comparing recorded transaction at similar properties in the vicinity and/or investment method of valuation, which entails the capitalisation of net income of the property.

In the years where no valuation performed by the independent professional valuers, the Group is based on estimation by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties and recent experience in the location and category of the properties being valued.

4.2.2 Useful lives of plant and equipment

The cost of plant and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's estimated economic useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these plant and equipment to be within a range of 4 to 20 years. These are common life expectancies applied in this industry.

Changes in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets and therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. The carrying amount of the Group's and the Company's plant and equipment at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 5.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONT'D)

4.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Write down for obsolete or slow moving inventories

The Group writes down its obsolete or slow moving inventories based on assessment of their estimated net selling price. Inventories are written down when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts could not be recovered. Reviews are made periodically by management to evaluate the adequacy of the write down for obsolete or slow moving inventories. Where expectations differ from the original estimates, the differences would impact the carrying amount of inventories.

4.2.4 **Deferred tax assets**

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses, unabsorbed capital allowances and other deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits would be available against which the tax losses, capital allowances and other deductible temporary differences could be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that could be recognised, based on the likely timing and extent of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Total carrying value of unrecognised tax losses, unabsorbed capital allowances and other taxable temporary differences of the Group are disclosed in Note 20.

4.2.5 Income taxes

There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination may be different from the initial estimate. The Company recognised tax liabilities based on its understanding of the prevailing tax laws and estimates of whether such taxes will be due in the ordinary course of business. Where the final outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such difference will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the year in which such determination is made.

4.2.6 Impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group makes impairment of receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of receivables. Impairment is applied to receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Management specifically analyses historical bad debt, customer concentration, customer creditworthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment terms when making a judgement to evaluate the adequacy of impairment of receivables. Where expectations differ from the original estimates, the differences would impact the carrying amount of receivables.

4.2.7 Impairment of goodwill

The Group and the Company perform an annual assessment of the carrying value of its goodwill against the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units ("CGUs") to which the goodwill have been allocated. The measurement of the recoverable amount of CGUs are determined based on the value-in-use method, incorporating the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the respective CGU's ongoing operations. Management judgement is used in the determination of the assumptions made, particularly the cash flow projections, discount rates and the growth rates used. The estimation of pre-tax cash flows is sensitive to the periods for which the forecasts are available and to assumptions regarding the long-term sustainable cash flows, and reflect management's view of future performance.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONT'D)

4.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

4.2.8 Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualified as an investment property, and has developed a criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independent of the other assets held by the Group.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portion could can be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portion could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property.

4.2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

When recoverable amount of an asset is determined based on the estimate of the value-inuse of the cash generating unit to which the asset is allocated, the management is required to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash generating unit and also to apply a suitable discount rate in order to determine the present value of those cash flows.

4.2.10 Classification of leasehold land

The classification of leasehold land as a finance lease or an operating lease requires the use of judgement in determining the extent to which risks and rewards incidental to its ownership lie. Despite the fact that there will be no transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term and that the lease term does not constitute the major part of the indefinite economic life of the land, management considered that the present value of the minimum lease payments approximated to the fair value of the land at the inception of the lease. Accordingly, management judged that the Company has acquired substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the land through a finance lease.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group

as at 1.01.2014 RM	Additions RM	Disposal/ written off RM	as at 31.12.2014 RM
28,787			
28,787			
	449,742	-	478,529
5,074,724	970,545	_	16,045,269
3 750 000	_	(2 600 000)	1,150,000
	179 287		3,921,159
5,110,012	110,201	(00,000)	3,021,100
7,217,986	623,870	(256,468)	7,585,388
,		- (2.2.42)	264,996
		(2,640)	250,922
643,848	980		644,828
0,951,325	2,283,874	(2,894,108)	30,341,091
-	-	-	-
134,189	65,230	_	199,419
105 510	15 400	(0.4.070)	40,000
		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	46,269
2,940,004	129,946	(21,292)	3,049,458
4,528,242	526,989	(238,522)	4,816,709
,	,		, , ,
257,871	_	_	257,871
84,437	10,404	(2,156)	92,685
565,908	25,451	_	591,359
8,636,967	773,443	(356,640)	9,053,770
	5,074,724 3,750,000 3,776,872 7,217,986 264,996 194,112 643,848 0,951,325 - 134,189 125,516 2,940,804 4,528,242 257,871 84,437	5,074,724 970,545 3,750,000 - 3,776,872 179,287 7,217,986 623,870 264,996 - 194,112 59,450 643,848 980 0,951,325 2,283,874 134,189 65,230 125,516 15,423 2,940,804 129,946 4,528,242 526,989 257,871 - 84,437 10,404 565,908 25,451	5,074,724 970,545 — 3,750,000 — (2,600,000) 3,776,872 179,287 (35,000) 7,217,986 623,870 (256,468) 264,996 — — — 194,112 59,450 (2,640) 643,848 980 — 0,951,325 2,283,874 (2,894,108) — — — — 134,189 65,230 — 125,516 15,423 (94,670) 2,940,804 129,946 (21,292) 4,528,242 526,989 (238,522) 257,871 — — — 84,437 10,404 (2,156) 565,908 25,451 —

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D) 5.

Group

2013	Balance as at 01.01.2013 RM	Additions RM	Disposal/ written off RM	Balance as at 31.12.2013 RM
At cost, unless otherwise stated				
Building under construction Freehold lands and buildings	-	28,787	-	28,787
(at valuation) Leasehold land and building	12,856,961	2,217,763	_	15,074,724
(at valuation)	3,750,000	_	_	3,750,000
Motor vehicles	3,435,890	364,082	(23,100)	3,776,872
Furniture and fittings, laboratory, signboard, office				
and store equipment	6,826,454	514,011	(122,479)	7,217,986
Demo equipment, research and development equipment				
and machinery	280,996	_	(16,000)	264,996
Electrical fittings	180,110	14,002	_	194,112
Renovation	609,029	34,819	_	643,848
	27,939,440	3,173,464	(161,579)	30,951,325
Accumulated depreciation				
Building under construction	-	_	_	_
Freehold lands and buildings (at valuation)	68,959	65,230	_	134,189
Leasehold land and building	00,333	00,200		104,103
(at valuation)	62,758	62,758	_	125,516
Motor vehicles	2,810,483	134,364	(4,043)	2,940,804
Furniture and fittings, laboratory, signboard, office	, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	() /	,,
and store equipment	4,132,977	483,928	(88,663)	4,528,242
Demo equipment, research and development equipment				
and machinery	259,085	13,586	(14,800)	257,871
Electrical fittings	75,163	9,274	_	84,437
Renovation	530,668	35,240		565,908
	7,940,093	804,380	(107,506)	8,636,967

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Group

			2014 RM	2013 RM
Net carrying value				
Building under construction Freehold lands and buildings (at valuation Leasehold land and building (at valuation Motor vehicles Furniture and fittings, laboratory, sign	tion)		478,529 15,845,850 1,103,731 871,701	28,787 14,940,535 3,624,484 836,068
and store equipment Demo equipment, research and devel equipment and machinery Electrical fittings Renovation	opment		2,768,679 7,125 158,237 53,469	2,689,744 7,125 109,675 77,940
			21,287,321	22,314,358
Company				
2014	Balance as at 01.01.2014 RM	Additions RM	Disposal/ written off RM	Balance as at 31.12.2014 RM
At cost, unless otherwise stated				
Furniture and fittings, laboratory, signboard, office and store equipment Renovation	48,847 64,382	- -	_ _	48,847 64,382
	113,229	_	_	113,229
Accumulated depreciation				
Furniture and fittings, laboratory, signboard, office and store equipment Renovation	38,679 64,065	1,621 157	_ _	40,300 64,222
	102,744	1,778	_	104,522

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D) 5.

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Motor vehicles

2013	Balance as at 01.01.2013 RM	Additions RM	Disposal/ written off RM	Balance as at 31.12.2013 RM
At cost, unless otherwise stated				
Furniture and fittings, laboratory, signboard, office and store				
equipment Renovation	48,847 64,382	_ _		48,847 64,382
	113,229	-	-	113,229
Accumulated depreciation				
Furniture and fittings, laboratory, signboard, office and store				
equipment Renovation	34,638 60,381	4,041 3,684		38,679 64,065
	95,019	7,725	_	102,744
			2014 RM	2013 RM
Net carrying value				
Furniture and fittings, laboratory, signand store equipment Renovation	nboard, office		8,547 160	10,168 317
			8,707	10,485
The carrying amount of the property,	plant and equipme	ant under finance	lease of the Groun	are as follows:
The carrying amount of the property,	plant and equipme	on ander mance	2014	2013

The Group has pledged the following property, plant and equipment to licensed banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group as referred to in Note 21:

RM

762,934

RM

684,859

	2014 RM	2013 RM
Net carrying value		
Freehold land and building	1,427,051	960,091

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Revaluation of assets

Freehold land and buildings and leasehold land and buildings of the Group were revalued on 5 October 2011 and 12 December 2011 by Messrs. Chartwell ITAC International (Kajang) Sdn Bhd, an independent professional valuer, registered with the Board of Valuers, Appraisers and Estate Agents, based on the Comparison Method (open market value). The resultant revaluation surplus of RM7,091,390 (net of deferred taxation) had been recognised as other comprehensive income.

Renown Orient Sdn. Bhd., a wholly owned subsidiary of Brite-Tech Berhad has disposed off two pieces of vacant leasehold land in Mukim Plentong, Daerah Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim on 3 April 2014 for a total consideration of RM4,339,659 resulted in a gain on disposal of RM1,834,330.

Had the revalued assets been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation, the carrying amount of the revalued assets of the Group would have been RM6,211,557 (2013: RM7,988,471).

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES 6.

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Freehold land and buildings: At beginning of the financial year Gain on fair value adjustment of investment properties	3,240,000	3,240,000
At end of the financial year	3,240,000	3,240,000

The fair value of the investment properties of the Group at 31 December 2011 is determined by a valuation carried out by Messrs. Chartwell ITAC International (Kajang) Sdn Bhd, an independent professional valuer, registered with the Board of Valuers, Appraisers and Estate Agents, based on the Comparison Method (open market value).

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Rental income derived from investment properties Direct operating expenses generating rental income	124,200 (7,076)	122,365 (8,797)
Profit arising from investment properties carried at fair value	117,124	113,568

The Group have pledged investment properties with carrying amount of RM440,000 (2013: RM440,000) to licensed banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

6. **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)**

The fair value of the investment properties as at 31 December 2014 are estimated by the Directors at approximately RM3,240,000 and the changes in the fair value of the investment properties since the last financial year are insignificant.

Fair value information

The Group's investment properties and fair value hierarchy as at 31 December 2014 are as follows:

Group

		2014)14	
	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
Investment properties	_	3,240,000	_	3,240,000
	-	3,240,000	_	3,240,000

Policy on transfer between levels

The fair value of an asset to be transferred between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

Level 1 fair value

Level 1 fair value is derived from quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical investment properties that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 fair value

Level 2 fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the investment property, either directly or indirectly.

Level 2 fair values of land and buildings have been generally derived using the sales comparison approach. Sales price of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for the differences in key attributes such as property size. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per square foot of comparable properties.

Level 3 fair value

Level 3 fair value is estimated using unobservable inputs for the investment property.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

7. **INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

	Company		
	2014 RM	2013 RM	
Unquoted shares, at cost Add: increase in investment in unquoted shares	23,165,449	19,536,449 3,629,000	
Less: accumulated impairment	23,165,449	23,165,449	
At beginning of the financial year Impairment losses recognised during the financial year	4,318,251 400,000	4,118,251 200,000	
At end of the financial year	4,718,251	4,318,251	
Carrying amount	18,447,198	18,847,198	

The subsidiary companies, which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:-

Name of subsidiaries	Effect equity in 2014		Principal activities
Brite-Tech Corporation Sdn. Berhad.	100%	100%	To provide a complete range of services and products in the field of water treatment, pollution control and fuel treatment as well as engineered and formulated chemical products for water clarification, wastewater treatment, minimizing wastewater sludge generation, steam generation system and cooling water system.
Hooker Chemical Sdn. Berhad.	100%	100%	To provide consultation, environmental impact studies, engineering design, construction, installation and commissioning of water purification, recycling and wastewater treatment systems.
Rank Chemical Sdn. Berhad	100%	100%	To provide rental of portable ion-exchange resin columns and supply of institutional housekeeping chemicals, industrial maintenance chemicals and hotel amenities.
Spectrum Laboratories Sdn. Berhad	100%	100%	To provide analytical laboratory services such as effluent analysis, air and water quality analysis, soil analysis, food analysis and organics analysis; and to provide environmental monitoring services such as air and water quality monitoring, noise level monitoring, air emission monitoring and wastewater characteristic studies.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (CONT'D)

Name of subsidiaries		ctive interest 2013	Principal activities
Spectrum Laboratories (Johore) Sdn. Berhad	100%	100%	To provide analytical laboratory services such as effluent analysis, air and water quality analysis, soi analysis, food analysis and organics analysis; and to provide environmental monitoring services such as air and water quality monitoring, noise level monitoring air emission monitoring and wastewater characteristic studies.
	Corporation		rum Laboratories (Johore) Sdn. Berhad, 14.68% is held ad and the remaining 14.68% is held indirectly through
Spectrum Laboratories (Penang) Sdn. Berhad	100%	100%	To provide analytical laboratory services such as effluent analysis, air and water quality analysis, soil analysis, food analysis and organics analysis; and to provide environmental monitoring services such as air and water quality monitoring, noise level monitoring, air emission monitoring and wastewater characteristic studies.
(The Company holds 70.249 29.76% is held indirectly the			trum Laboratories (Penang) Sdn. Berhad, the remaining ories Sdn. Berhad)
Renown Orient Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	To provide general trading, investment holding water treatment services and other related business The Company has ceased its operation during the financial year.
Brite-Tech (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd.	89%	89%	The Company has ceased its operation.
Sincere United Sdn. Bhd.	70%	70%	To import and export chemical and other raw materials.
Tan Tech-Polymer Sdn. Bhd.	60%	60%	To provide consultancy services and manufacturing of polymers and its related products.
Subsidiary company of Br	ite-Tech Co	rporation S	dn. Berhad
Cybond Chemical Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	To provide water treatment chemicals and provide other related services.
Subsidiary company of Ho	oker Chemi	ical Sdn. Be	erhad
Akva-Tek Sdn. Bhd.	51%	51%	To deal in chemical, laboratory and industrial product. The Company has ceased its operation during the financial year.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

8. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANY

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Investment in associated company, at cost	11,400	11,400
Less: Impairment loss recognised	(11,400)	(11,400)
	-	_

The details of the associated company, which is incorporated in Malaysia, is as follow:

Name of associate	Effect equity in		Principal activities
	2014	2013	
Hooker Chemical (Johore) Sdn. Berhad	19%	19%	The Company has ceased its operation.

(Associated Company of Hooker Chemical Sdn. Berhad)

Recognition of further losses is discontinued for investment in Hooker Chemical (Johore) Sdn. Berhad as the Group's share of losses exceeds the carrying amount of the investment.

9. **OTHER INVESTMENT**

	Group and Company	
	2014	2013
	RM	RM
Non-current		
Unquoted shares, at cost		
Available-for-sale financial asset, at the beginning of financial year	152,100	152,100
Less: Disposal during the financial year	(152,100)	_
	_	152,100

Investment in unquoted shares of the Group, designated as available-for-sale financial asset is stated at cost as their fair values cannot be measured using valuation techniques due to lack of marketability of the shares.

On 3 January 2014, the above investment was sold for RM300,000.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

10. GOODWILL

	2014 RM	Group 2013 RM
Cost At beginning/end of the financial year	5,678,772	5,678,772
Accumulated impairment At beginning of the financial year Impairment losses recognised	4,110,720 400,000	3,910,720 200,000
At end of the financial year	4,510,720	4,110,720
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Carrying amount	1,168,052	1,568,052

The carrying amounts of the goodwill allocated to the cash-generating units (CGU) are as follows:

		Group
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Manufacturing - CGU 1	1,168,052	1,568,052

The recoverable amounts of the cash-generating units are determined based on the computation of value in use.

The key assumptions used in the computation of value in use are discount rates, growth rates and projected cash flows from use and disposal at the end of the useful life.

Discount rate is determined based on the pre-tax rate that reflect current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to the assets.

The projected cash flows from used are derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management for the next ten years and extrapolated cash flows for the following years based on estimated growth rates. The projected growth rates do not excess the industrial average growth rates.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

10. GOODWILL (CONT'D)

The estimate of net cash flows for the disposal of the asset at the end of its useful life is the present value of the amount that the Group expects to obtain from the disposal of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the estimated costs of disposal.

The key assumptions used for determining value in use, which are determined based on management's past experience and expectation of the future development, are as follows:

	Manufacturing segment %
Profit margin	20
Growth rate	3
Discount rate	10

11. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2014	2013
	RM	RM
Laboratory supplies	127,137	130,864
Raw materials	567,708	728,521
Work-in-progress	11,311	13,280
Finished goods	441,484	651,948
	1,147,640	1,524,613

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Trade receivables - gross Less: Allowance for	7,310,254	7,113,965	358,680	447,000
impairment loss	(444,827)	(236,138)	-	_
Trade receivables - net	6,865,427	6,877,827	358,680	447,000

Movement in the allowance for impairment losses

The allowance account in respect of the trade receivables are used to record impairment losses. The creation and release of allowance for impaired receivables have been included in 'other operating expenses' in the profit or loss. Unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is possible, then the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against the receivable directly.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

The movement in the allowance for impairment losses of trade receivables during the financial year are as follows:

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
At beginning of the financial year	236,138	177,500
Impairment losses recognised	221,659	114,139
Allowance written off	(12,970)	(49,501)
Bad debts recovered	-	(6,000)
At end of the financial year	444,827	236,138

The allowance for impairment losses of trade receivables are those trade receivables that are individually impaired. These trade receivables are in significant difficulties and have defaulted on payments. They are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancement.

Based on the Group's historical collection experience, the amounts of trade receivables presented on the statements of financial position represent the amount exposed to credit risk. The management believes that no additional credit risk beyond the amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the net trade receivables.

The ageing analysis of the Group's and of the Company's trade receivables are as follow:

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	
Neither past due nor impaired	4,884,203	4,619,443	163,300	161,500
Past due 1 - 30 days	606,199	905,515	_	20,500
Past due 31 - 60 days	354,862	571,015	_	20,500
Past due more than 60 days	1,464,990	1,017,992	195,380	244,500
D : 11	7,310,254	7,113,965	358,680	447,000
Receivables past due and impaired	(444,827)	(236,138)	-	_
	6,865,427	6,877,827	358,680	447,000

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired relate to customers for whom there are no default and considered to be creditworthy and able to settle their debts. None of the Group's trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

As at 31 December 2014, the Group has trade receivables amounting to RM1,981,224 (2013: RM2,258,384) that are past due at the reporting date but not impaired. Trade receivables that are past due but not impaired relate to customers that have no expectation of default based on historical dealings with the Group. Based on past experience and no adverse information to date, the Directors of the Group are of the opinion that no allowance for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in the credit quality and the balances are still considered to be fully recoverable.

The maximum exposure of credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of receivables mentioned above. The Company does not hold any collateral as security.

The Group's normal trade credit term range from 60 to 90 days (2013: 60 to 90 days). Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case by case basis.

13. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	Group		Co	ompany
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Other receivables	110,699	653,285	187	_
Deposits	967,582	161,999	2,000	2,000
Prepayments	109,646	21,337	200	_
Dividend receivable from				
subsidiary companies	_	-	-	1,593,800
	1,187,927	836,621	2,387	1,595,800

14. AMOUNT DUE FROM A SUBSIDIARY COMPANY

The amount due from a subsidiary company represented non-trade transactions which are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

15. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments represent deposits placement with investment fund management companies. The average effective interest rates of the short-term investments range from 2.90% to 3.23% (2013: 2.04% to 2.84%) on daily basis and are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

16. FIXED DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED BANKS

The average effective interest rates of the fixed deposits with licensed banks at the reporting date is 2.51% to 3.68% (2013: 2.55% to 3.50%) per annum.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

17. SHARE CAPITAL

	Group and Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Ordinary shares of RM0.10 each Authorised:		
Balance at the beginning and end of the financial year	50,000,000	50,000,000
Issued and fully paid:		
Balance at the beginning and end of the financial year	25,200,000	25,200,000

18. REVALUATION RESERVE

Revaluation reserves arose from the revaluation of the properties of the Group as disclosed in Note 5. Revaluation reserves are not available for distribution as dividends to the Company's shareholders.

The following are the movements of revaluation reserve:

	2014 RM	2013 RM
Properties		
At beginning of the financial year Deferred tax liability on revaluation surplus (Note 20) Transfer from deferred taxation upon disposal (Note 20) Realisation of revaluation reserve on disposal	7,061,290 - 223,925 (794,033)	7,333,752 (272,462) - -
At end of the financial year	6,491,182	7,061,290

19. RETAINED EARNINGS

In accordance with the Finance Act 2007, the single tier income tax system became effective from the year of assessment 2008. Under this system, tax on a company's profit is a final tax, and dividends paid are exempted from tax in the hands of the shareholders. Unlike the previous full imputation system, the recipient of the dividend would no longer be able to claim any tax credit.

Companies with Section 108 tax credit are given an irrevocable option to disregard the tax credit or to continue to utilise such tax credits until the tax credits are fully utilised or upon the expiry of the 6 year transitional period on 31 December 2013, whichever is earlier. During the transitional period, the Section 108 tax credit will be reduced by any tax credits utilised and any tax paid will not be added to this account.

The Company had not previously made the irrevocable option to disregard the Section 108 tax credits. Accordingly, the Company moved to the Single Tier System upon the expiry of the transitional period on 31 December 2013. Any remaining balance of the Section 108 tax credits as of that date shall be disregarded.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

20. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the movements of deferred tax liabilities:

		Group	Com	pany
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
At beginning of the financial year Recognised in profit or loss	1,914,180	1,657,776	-	-
(Note 31) Recognised in the equity	(216,481)	(16,058)	-	_
(Note 18)	(223,925)	272,462	_	_
At end of the financial year	1,473,774	1,914,180	_	_
The tax effect of the excess of property, plant and equipment				
carrying value over its tax base Deferred tax liability on revaluation	281,697	486,724	-	_
surplus of properties	1,192,077	1,427,456	_	_
	1,473,774	1,914,180	_	_

Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Plant and equipment Unabsorbed capital allowances Unutilised tax losses	(9,001) 182,307	(15,992) 114,881	(8,320) -	(9,548) 25,890
Onutilised tax losses	2,125,150	1,713,713	161,557 ———————————————————————————————————	202,443
Unrecognised deferred tax assets at 25%	531,288	453,151	38,309	54,696

The unabsorbed capital allowances and unutilised tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the Group and the Company can utilise the benefits. The unabsorbed capital allowances and unutilised tax losses are subject to the agreement of the tax authorities.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

21. LOAN AND BORROWINGS

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Current liabilities		
<u>Secured</u>	044 040	100 100
Finance lease liabilities Term loan	211,310 23,280	169,182 10,148
	20,200	10,110
	234,590	179,330
Non-current liabilities		
Secured		
Finance lease liabilities	310,124	368,591
Term loan	467,806	275,328
	777,930	643,919
Total borrowings		
Secured		
Finance lease liabilities	521,434	537,773
Term loan	491,086	285,476
	1,012,520	823,249
Rates of interest charged per annum:		
		Group
	2014 %	2013 %
Finance lease liabilities	2.46 - 3.30	2.46 - 5.42
Term loan	4.50 - 4.60	4.60

(a) Finance lease liabilities

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Minimum lease payment		
- Not later than one year	230,771	191,508
- Later than one year and not later than five years	326,759	389,106
	557,530	580,614
Future finance charges on finance lease	(36,096)	(42,841)
Present value of finance lease liabilities	521,434	537,773

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

21. LOAN AND BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

(a) Finance lease liabilities (Cont'd)

Present value of finance lease is analysed as follows:

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Current liabilities - Not later than one year	211,310	169,182
Non-current liabilities - Later than one year and not later than five years	310,124	368,591
	521,434	537,773

The Group obtains finance lease facilities to finance certain of its plant and machinery and motor vehicles. The average remaining lease term is 4.3 years as at 31 December 2014. Implicit interest rate of the finance lease is fixed at the date of the agreement, and the amount of lease payments are fixed throughout the lease period. The Group has the option to purchase the assets at the end of the agreement with minimum purchase considerations. There is no significant restriction clauses imposed on the finance lease arrangements.

(b) Term loan

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Repayable:		
- Not later than one year	23,280	23,280
- Later than one year and not later than five years	307,371	93,120
- More than five year	160,435	169,076
	491,086	285,476

These facilities are secured by the following:

- legal charge over assets of the Group as disclosed in Note 5; and
- corporate guarantee by the Company (ii)

22. TRADE PAYABLES

The credit terms of trade payables granted to the Group range from 60 to 90 days (2013: 60 to 90 days).

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

23. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Other payables	161,153	286,100	100.770	156 600
Accruals Deposits received	1,195,030 38,850	868,110 38,850	109,778 -	156,690 -
	1,395,033	1,193,060	109,778	156,690

24. AMOUNT DUE TO DIRECTORS

The amount due to Directors represented advance from Directors which are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

25. BANK OVERDRAFT

		Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	
Unsecured	99,644	96,760	

The average effective interest rates of the bank overdraft were 8.07% (2013:8.07%) per annum.

The bank overdrafts of the Group are secured by corporate guarantee of the Company.

26. REVENUE

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Trading sales and services Dividend income from	23,796,446	24,552,320	_	-
subsidiaries	_	_	1,950,000	1,683,800
Management fee income	_	_	1,356,800	1,206,000
	23,796,446	24,552,320	3,306,800	2,889,800

27. FINANCE INCOME

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Interest income on:				
Fixed deposits	82,663	175,005	13,901	98,557
Bank interest	715	432	<u> </u>	_
Short-term investment	389,419	179,081	232,141	109,343
Other interest	6,658	-	_	_
	479,455	354,518	246,042	207,900

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

28. FINANCE COSTS

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Interest expenses on:		
Finance leases	23,041	22,752
Overdraft	7,932	4,259
Term loans	12,699	14,106
Others	5,431	5,307
	49,103	46,424

29. EMPLOYEES BENEFIT EXPENSES

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Salaries, wages, bonuses and				
allowances	5,018,065	4,968,512	1,163,932	1,196,520
Pension costs: defined				
contribution plans	584,532	598,627	107,186	99,561
Social security costs	52,791	50,095	3,164	3,162
	5,655,388	5,617,234	1,274,282	1,299,243

Employees benefit expenses including the aggregate amount of emoluments received and receivable by the Directors of the Group and of the Company during the financial year, as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Executive Directors:				
Salaries	897,600	840,027	691,200	691,200
Bonus	69,850	123,200	57,600	115,200
Fees	312,000	276,000	312,000	276,000
Non-executive directors:				
Fees	28,800	36,000	28,800	36,000
	1,308,250	1,275,227	1,089,600	1,118,400

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

30. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting): Allowance for impairment losses on trade receivables 221,659 114,139 - - Auditors' remuneration:		Group		Co	ompany
Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting): Allowance for impairment losses on trade receivables					
at after charging/(crediting): Allowance for impairment losses on trade receivables 221,659 114,139 – – Auditors' remuneration: - – - statutory audit 52,000 48,100 11,000 10,200 - non-audit services 3,000 18,000 3,000 18,000 Bad debts written off 584,713 7,870 – – Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 773,443 804,380 1,778 7,725 Directors' fee 340,800 312,000 340,800 312,000 Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 – – Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 – – Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies – – 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off – 109,098 – – Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 – – Realised loss on foreign exchange – 1,429 <		RM	RM	RM	RM
Allowance for impairment losses on trade receivables	Profit before taxation is arrived				
on trade receivables 221,659 114,139 - - Auditors' remuneration: - - - - statutory audit 52,000 48,100 11,000 10,200 - non-audit services 3,000 18,000 3,000 18,000 Bad debts written off 584,713 7,870 - - - Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 773,443 804,380 1,778 7,725 Directors' fee 340,800 312,000 340,800 312,000 Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 - - - Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 - - - Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies - - 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off 16,690 54,073 - - Pealised loss on foreign exchange - 1,429 - - <td< td=""><td>at after charging/(crediting):</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	at after charging/(crediting):				
Auditors' remuneration: - statutory audit 52,000 48,100 11,000 10,200 - non-audit services 3,000 18,000 3,000 18,000 Bad debts written off 584,713 7,870 — — — Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 773,443 804,380 1,778 7,225 Directors' fee 340,800 312,000 340,800 312,000 Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 — — — — Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 — — — Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies — — 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off — 109,098 — — — — Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 — — — Realised loss on foreign exchange — 1,429 — — — — Rental of equipment 13,075 9,212 — — — — Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 — — — Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 — — — — Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) — — — — Dividend income from subsidiary companies — — — (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) — — — — Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) — — (147,900) — — — Management fee income — — — (1,356,800) (1,206,000)	Allowance for impairment losses				
- statutory audit 52,000 48,100 11,000 10,200 - non-audit services 3,000 18,000 3,000 18,000 Bad debts written off 584,713 7,870 — — — — Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 773,443 804,380 1,778 7,725 Directors' fee 340,800 312,000 340,800 312,000 Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 — — — Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 — — — Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies — — 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off — 109,098 — — — Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 — — — Plant and equipment written off 13,075 9,212 — — — Rental of equipment 8,670 5,060 — — — Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 — — — Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 — — — Dividend income from subsidiary companies — — — (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	on trade receivables	221,659	114,139	_	_
- non-audit services 3,000 18,000 3,000 18,000 Bad debts written off 584,713 7,870 - - Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 773,443 804,380 1,778 7,725 Directors' fee 340,800 312,000 340,800 312,000 Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 - - Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 - - Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies - - 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off - 109,098 - - Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 - - Rental of equipment 13,075 9,212 - - Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 - - Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 - - Bad debt recovered (34,07	Auditors' remuneration:				
Bad debts written off 584,713 7,870 — — Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 773,443 804,380 1,778 7,725 Directors' fee 340,800 312,000 340,800 312,000 Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 — — Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 — — Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies — — 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off — 109,098 — — Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 — — Realised loss on foreign exchange — 1,429 — — Rental of equipment 13,075 9,212 — — Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 — — Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 — — Bad debt recovered (34,070	- statutory audit	52,000	48,100	11,000	10,200
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 773,443 804,380 1,778 7,725 Directors' fee 340,800 312,000 340,800 312,000 Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	- non-audit services	3,000	18,000	3,000	18,000
and equipment 773,443 804,380 1,778 7,725 Directors' fee 340,800 312,000 340,800 312,000 Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 — — Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 — — Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies — — 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off — 109,098 — — — Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 — — — Realised loss on foreign exchange — 1,429 — — — Rental of equipment 13,075 9,212 — — — Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 — — — Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) — — — Dividend income from subsidiary companies — — —	Bad debts written off	584,713	7,870	_	_
Directors' fee 340,800 312,000 340,800 312,000 Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 — — Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 — — Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies — — 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off — — — — Realised loss on foreign exchange — — — — Rental of equipment — — — — — Rental of premises — —	Depreciation of property, plant				
Directors' non-fee emoluments 967,450 963,227 845,568 896,256 Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 — — Impairment loss on goodwill loss on investment in subsidiary companies — — 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off — — — — — Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 — — — Realised loss on foreign exchange — — 1,429 — — — Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 — — — Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 — — — Bad debt recover	and equipment	773,443	804,380	1,778	7,725
Finance expenses 49,103 46,424 - - Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 - - Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies - - 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off - 109,098 - - Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 - - Realised loss on foreign exchange - 1,429 - - Rental of equipment 13,075 9,212 - - Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 - - Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 - - Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) - - Dividend income from subsidiary companies - - (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - Gain on disposal of property	Directors' fee	340,800	312,000	340,800	312,000
Impairment loss on goodwill 400,000 200,000 - - Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies - - 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off - 109,098 - - -	Directors' non-fee emoluments	967,450	963,227	845,568	896,256
Impairment loss on investment in subsidiary companies	Finance expenses			_	_
subsidiary companies - - 400,000 200,000 Inventories written off - 109,098 - - Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 - - Realised loss on foreign exchange - 1,429 - - Rental of equipment 13,075 9,212 - - Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 - - Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 - - Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) - - Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) - - Dividend income from (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (1,47,900) - (147,900) - -	Impairment loss on goodwill	400,000	200,000	_	_
Inventories written off	Impairment loss on investment in				
Plant and equipment written off 16,690 54,073 — — Realised loss on foreign exchange — 1,429 — — Rental of equipment 13,075 9,212 — — Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 — — Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 — — Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) — — Dividend income from — — — — — — subsidiary companies —	subsidiary companies	_	_	400,000	200,000
Realised loss on foreign exchange - 1,429 - - Rental of equipment 13,075 9,212 - - Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 - - Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 - - Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) - - Dividend income from subsidiary companies - - (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (1,834,330) (100) - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - Management fee income - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)		_	,	_	_
Rental of equipment 13,075 9,212 - - Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 - - Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 - - Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) - - Dividend income from subsidiary companies - - (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (1,834,330) (100) - - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - - Management fee income - - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)		16,690		_	_
Rental of motor vehicle 8,670 5,060 - - Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 - - Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) - - Dividend income from subsidiary companies - - - (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (1,834,330) (100) - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - Management fee income - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)	Realised loss on foreign exchange	_		_	_
Rental of premises 89,450 70,640 - - Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) - - Dividend income from subsidiary companies - - (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (1,834,330) (100) - - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - - Management fee income - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)	Rental of equipment	13,075	9,212	_	_
Bad debt recovered (34,070) (6,000) - - Dividend income from subsidiary companies - - (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (1,834,330) (100) - - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - - Management fee income - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)	Rental of motor vehicle			_	_
Dividend income from subsidiary companies – – – (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) – – Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (1,834,330) (100) – – – Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) – (147,900) – – Management fee income – – (1,356,800) (1,206,000)	Rental of premises	89,450		_	_
subsidiary companies - - (1,950,000) (1,683,800) Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (1,834,330) (100) - - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - - Management fee income - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)		(34,070)	(6,000)	_	_
Finance income (479,455) (354,518) (246,042) (207,900) Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - - Gain on disposal of property, (1,834,330) (100) - - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - Management fee income - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)					
Realised gain on foreign exchange (12,765) (30,979) - - - Gain on disposal of property, (1,834,330) (100) - - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - Management fee income - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)	The state of the s	_	_		
Gain on disposal of property, (1,834,330) (100) - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - Management fee income - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)				(246,042)	(207,900)
plant and equipment (1,834,330) (100) - - Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - Management fee income - - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)		(12,765)	(30,979)	_	_
Gain on disposal of other investment (147,900) - (147,900) - Management fee income - (1,356,800) (1,206,000)	Gain on disposal of property,				
investment (147,900) – (147,900) – Management fee income – (1,356,800) (1,206,000)	plant and equipment	(1,834,330)	(100)	_	_
Management fee income – (1,356,800) (1,206,000)	•				
		(147,900)	_		_
Rental income (157,910) (139,765) – –		_	_	(1,356,800)	(1,206,000)
	Rental income	(157,910)	(139,765)	_	_

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

31. TAXATION

		Group	Com	pany
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Current				
Provision for current financial year	1,179,733	1,205,063	-	_
Overprovided in the previous financial year	(6,025)	(5,622)	-	_
	1,173,708	1,199,441	-	_
Deferred taxation (Note 20)				
Recognised in the income statement (Over)/underprovided in the	24,922	(18,752)	-	-
previous financial year	(241,403)	2,694	-	_
	(216,481)	(16,058)	-	_
Tax expenses for the current				
financial year	957,227	1,183,384	_	_

The reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to the profit before tax at the statutory tax rate to income tax expense at the effective tax rate of the Group and of the Company is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Profit before taxation	6,138,064	4,606,819	1,891,879	1,395,085
Tax at the statutory tax rate				
of 25% (2013: 25%)	1,534,516	1,151,706	472,970	348,771
Non-deductible expenses	250,641	439,227	129,403	127,904
Non-taxable income	(600,261)	(128,808)	(585,986)	(476,675)
Deferred tax assets not recognised				
during the financial year	48,659	8,109	_	_
Utilisation of previously unrecognised				
deferred tax assets	(16,387)	(270,810)	(16,387)	_
Crystallisation of deferred tax liabilities				
arose from revaluation surplus	(12,513)	(13,112)	_	_
Taxation overprovided in the				
previous financial year	(6,025)	(5,622)	_	_
Deferred taxation (over)/underprovided				
in the previous financial year	(241,403)	2,694	_	_
Income tax expense for the				
financial year	957,227	1,183,384	_	_

The Malaysian corporate income tax rate is expected to reduce from 25% to 24% with effect from year of assessment 2016 as announced in the 2014 Budget.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

32. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of basic earnings per ordinary share at 31 December 2014 is based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and divided by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, calculated as follows:

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders (RM)	5,147,648	3,350,089
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	252,000,000	252,000,000
Basic earnings per ordinary share (sen)	2.04	1.33

(b) Diluted earnings per ordinary share

The Group does not have any potential dilutive ordinary shares, thus, diluted earnings per ordinary share is not presented.

33. DIVIDEND

	Group and Company 2014 201	
	RM	2013 RM
Paid:		
In respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2013 a first and final single tier dividend of 63 sen per ordinary share	1,587,598	_
In respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2012 a first and final single tier dividend of 60 sen per ordinary share	-	1,511,999
	1,587,598	1,511,999

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final tax exempt (single-tier) dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014, of 0.63 sen on 252,000,000 ordinary shares, amounting to a dividend payable of RM1,587,600 will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 December 2015.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

34. PURCHASE OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Cost of property, plant equipment purchased Amount financed through loan and borrowing	2,283,874 (371,251)	3,144,677 (315,000)
Cash disbursed for purchase of property, plant and equipment	1,912,623	2,829,677

35. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) In addition to the information detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group and the Company carried out the following transactions with its related parties during the financial year:

	Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Subsidiaries		
Dividend income receivable	1,950,000	1,683,800
Management fee	1,356,800	1,206,000

(b) The key management personnel comprised mainly Executive Directors of the Company whose remuneration are disclosed in Note 29.

The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the related party transactions have been entered into the normal course of business on an arm's length basis and have established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from those obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties.

36. CAPITAL COMMITMENT

As of 31 December 2014, the Group and the Company have the following capital commitment:

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Approved and contracted for arising from: Purchase of property, plant and equipment	7,514,205	5,058,116

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

37. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

		Company
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Unsecured:- Corporate guarantee given to financial institutions for finance lease facilities granted to subsidiary companies	5,940,000	14,494,000

The Company has assessed the financial guarantee contracts and concluded that the financial impact of the quarantees is not material as the repayment is on schedule. Therefore, no financial liabilities have been accounted for in the financial statements.

38. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Board of Directors is the Group's chief operating decision maker. For management purposes, the segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments. The primary format, business segment, is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. No geographical segmental information is presented as the business segments are principally operated in Malaysia only.

Segment revenues, expenses and result included transfers between segments. The prices charged on intersegment transactions are at an arm's length transactions and not materially different for similar goods to parties outside of the economic entity. These transfers are eliminated on consolidation.

Segment assets principally comprise all assets. The Group's segments' assets exclude income tax assets, assets from defined pension benefit plans and other post-employment benefit plans and certain financial assets (including liquidity).

Segment liabilities principally comprise all liabilities. The Group's segments' liabilities exclude income tax liabilities, liabilities from defined pension benefit plans and other post-employment benefit plans and certain financial liabilities (including financing liabilities).

The Group comprises the following main business segments:

Environmental products and services	To provide a complete range of services and products in the field of water treatment as well as engineered and formulated chemical products for water and wastewater treatment; and to provide analytical laboratory and environmental monitoring services.
System equipment and ancillary products	To provide consultation, engineering design, construction, installation and commissioning of water purification, water recycling and wastewater treatment systems; and to provide rental of portable ion-exchange resin columns as well as supply of chemicals and consumer products.
Investments	Investments, management and other operations which

are not sizeable to be reported separately.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

38. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Segment turnover, profit before taxation and the assets employed are as follows:

Group 2014	Environmental Products and Services RM	System Equipment and Ancillary Products RM	Investments RM	Eliminations RM	Total RM
Revenue External revenue Inter-segment revenue	19,644,828 763,330	4,151,618 8,961	- 1,356,800	_ (2,129,091)	23,796,446
Total revenue	20,408,158	4,160,579	1,356,800	(2,129,091)	23,796,446
Results Segment results (external) Impairment loss of goodwill Finance income Finance costs Profit before tax Income tax expense Profit after tax Non-controlling interests	3,762,153	505,198	1,840,361	-	6,107,712 (400,000) 479,455 (49,103) 6,138,064 (957,227) 5,180,837 (33,189)
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company					5,147,648
Other information Segment assets	33,809,161	8,907,866	9,781,843	-	52,498,870
Segment liabilities	3,494,394	449,280	111,759	-	4,055,433
Capital expenditure Depreciation Non-cash expenses	2,208,360 658,000	75,514 113,665	- 1,778	Ē	2,283,874 773,443
other than depreciation	238,119	584,943	400,000	_	1,223,062

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

38. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Group 2013	Environmental Products and Services RM	Equipment and Ancillary Products RM	Investments RM	Eliminations RM	Total RM
Revenue External revenue Inter-segment revenue	19,956,241 909,022	4,596,079 15,082	- 1,206,000	_ (2,130,104)	24,552,320
Total revenue	20,865,263	20,865,263	20,865,263	(2,130,104)	24,552,320
Results Segment results (external) Impairment loss of goodwill Finance income Finance costs Profit before tax	3,966,597	902,334	(370,206)	-	4,498,725 (200,000) 354,518 (46,424) 4,606,819
Profit after tax Non-controlling interests Net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	3				(1,183,384) 3,423,435 (73,346) 3,350,089
Other information Segment assets	32,397,595	9,252,726	8,048,677	-	49,698,998
Segment liabilities	3,633,928	702,089	157,999	-	4,494,016
Capital expenditure Depreciation Non-cash expenses other than	2,789,382 611,180	40,295 138,140	- 55,060	-	2,829,677 804,380
depreciation	27,155	109,097	200,000	_	336,252

System

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's and the Company's financial risk management policy seeks to ensure that adequate financial resources are available for the development of the Group's and the Company's businesses whilst managing its risks.

The main areas of the financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows:

Interest rate risk (a)

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of the changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises mainly from interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities.

The excess funds of the Group and of the Company are invested in bank deposits and other short term instruments. The Group and the Company manage their liquidity risks by placing such excess funds on short term maturities to match its cash flow needs. If interest deposit rates increased/decreased by 50 basis points, interest income of the Group and of the Company for the Company for the financial year would increase/decrease by RM76,000 (2013: RM57,000) and RM42,000 (2013: RM19,000), respectively.

The Group is not exposed to interest rate risk on the interest bearing financial liabilities as these financial liabilities are carried at fixed rate and measured at amortised cost. As such, sensitivity analysis is not disclosed.

(b) **Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk mainly arises from its receivables. Credit risk is minimised by monitoring the financial standing of the debtors on an ongoing concern basis. For bank balances, the Group and the Company minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with reputable financial institution. As at 31 December 2014, the Company has no significant concentration of credit risk exposure.

Foreign currency risk (c)

The Group is not significantly exposed to foreign currency risk as the majority of the Group's transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollar ("USD") and Singapore Dollar ("SGD").

Foreign currency exposures in transactional currencies other than functional currencies are kept to an acceptable level. The Company has not entered into any derivative financial instruments such as forward foreign exchange contracts.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Foreign currency risk (Cont'd) (c)

The net unhedged financial assets/(liabilities) of the Group at year end that are not denominated in Ringgit Malaysia are as follows:

Group 2014	USD RM	SGD RM	Others RM	Total RM
Trade receivables	112,916	_	-	112,916
Cash and bank balances	12,112	307	10,137	22,556
Trade payables	_	(2,754)	_	(2,754)
	125,028	(2,447)	10,137	132,718
2013				
Trade receivables	109,932	_	_	109,932
Other receivables	_	578,393	_	578,393
Cash and bank balances	102,763	307	14,001	117,071
Trade payables	(473,477)	(8,528)	_	(482,005)
	(260,782)	570,172	14,001	323,391

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity analysis of the Company's pre-tax profit to a reasonably possible change in the SGD, USD and others exchange rates against the respective functional currencies of the Company, with all other variables held constant.

		2014	2013
		RM	RM
USD/RM	- strenghthened 10%	12,503	(26,078)
	- weakened 10%	(12,503)	26,078
SGD/RM	- strenghthened 10%	(245)	57,017
	- weakened 10%	245	(57,017)
Others	- strenghthened 10%	1,014	1,400
	- weakened 10%	(1,014)	(1,400)

(d) Liquidity and cash flow risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash. In addition, the Company maintains bank facilities such as working capital lines deemed adequate by the management to ensure it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liablities when they fall due.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Liquidity and cash flow risk (Cont'd) (d)

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates). The effective interest rates of these financial liabilities are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

Not later than 1 year RM	Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM	Total RM
2,829,560 113,709 230,771 23,280 3,197,320	- 326,759 307,371 634,130	- - - 160,435	2,829,560 113,709 557,530 491,086 3,991,885
3,463,588 110,419 169,182 23,280 3,766,469	- 368,591 93,120 461,711	- - - 169,076	3,463,588 110,419 537,773 285,476 4,397,256
109,778 1,981	- -	- -	109,778 1,981
111,759	_	-	111,759
156,690	-	-	156,690
156,690	_	-	156,690
	2,829,560 113,709 230,771 23,280 3,197,320 3,463,588 110,419 169,182 23,280 3,766,469 109,778 1,981 111,759	Not later than 1 year RM 2,829,560	Not later than 1 year RM

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Classification of financial instruments (e)

	2014	Group 2013	2014	ompany 2013
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Financial assets				
Available for sale				
Other investment	_	152,100	_	152,100
Lanca and manifestation				
Loans and receivables Trade receivables	6,865,427	6,877,827	358,680	447,000
Other receivables	,,,,,,,,	2,011,021	,	,
and deposits	1,187,927	836,621	2,387	1,595,800
Amount due from a subsidiary company				2,309,522
Short-term investments	14,481,041	7,972,766	8,477,921	2,519,035
Fixed deposits with	, ,	.,0.2,.00	0,,02.	_,0:0,000
licensed banks	727,483	3,498,455	_	1,252,434
Cash and bank balances	2,393,979	1,714,206	139,805	45,059
	25,655,857	20,899,875	8,978,793	8,168,850
Financial liabilities				
Other financial liabilities				
Trade payables	1,434,527	2,270,528	_	_
Other payables and accruals	1,395,033	1,193,060	109,778	156,690
Amount due to directors	113,709	110,419	1,981	_
Bank overdraft	99,644	96,760	_	_
Finance lease liabilities	521,434	537,773	_	_
Term loans	491,086	285,476	_	_
	4,055,433	4,494,016	111,759	156,690

(f) Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, short term receivables and payables approximate fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

It was not practicable to estimate the fair value of the Group's investment in unquoted shares due to the lack of comparable quoted market prices and the inability to estimate fair value without incurring excessive costs.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Fair value of financial instruments (Cont'd) (f)

The table below analyses financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

Group	Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
2014	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Financial liabilities					
Loan and borrowings	_		1,012,520	1,012,520	
	-	_	1,012,520	1,012,520	
			at are not carried		
	and v		amounts are reasion of fair value	sonable	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
2013	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Financial liabilities					
Loan and borrowings	-	-	823,249	823,249	
	_	_	823,249	823,249	
Company	Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
2014	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Financial assets Amount due from a					
subsidiary company	-	-	-	-	
	-	_	_	-	
	Financial	instruments tha	at are not carried	at fair value	
	and v		amounts are reas	sonable	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	

2013 **RM RM RM RM Financial assets** Amount due from a 2,309,522 subsidiary company 2,309,522 2,309,522 2,309,522

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(f) Fair value of financial instruments (Cont'd)

Policy on transfer between levels

The fair value of an asset to be transferred between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

Level 1 fair value

Level 1 fair value is derived from quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 fair value

Level 2 fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the financial assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly.

Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 fair values

There has been no transfer between Level 1 and 2 fair values during the financial year (2013: no transfer in either directions).

Level 3 fair value

Level 3 fair value is estimated using unobservable inputs for the financial assets or liabilities.

Amount due from a subsidiary company, loan and borrowings

The fair value of these financial instruments which is determine for disclosure purposes, are estimated by discounting expected future cash flows at market increment lending rate for similar types of lending, borrowing or leasing arrangements at the reporting date.

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, when applicable, are as follows:

	2014	2013
	%	%
Loan and borrowings	2.46 - 4.60	2.46 - 5.42

The responsibility for managing the above risks is vested in the directors.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

40. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is interest-bearing debts divided by total capital. The Group's debts include bank overdraft, loan and borrowings. The Group and the Company are not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

	2014	2013
	RM	RM
<u>Debts</u>		
Bank overdraft	99,644	96,760
Loan and borrowings	1,012,520	823,249
	1,112,164	920,009
Capital		
Share capital	25,200,000	25,200,000
Reserves	21,008,655	17,224,680
Non-controlling interest	714,705	681,516
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	46,923,360	43,106,196
Gearing ratio	2.37%	2.13%

41. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The presentation and classification of items in current year's financial statements are consistent with the previous financial year and following comparative figures which have been restated to conform with current year's presentation and to reflect approximately the nature of the transactions:

Group	As previously stated RM	Adjustment RM	As restated RM
Property, plant and equipment	22,285,571	28,787	22,314,358
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	865,408	(28,787)	836,621
Company			
Trade receivables Amount due from subsidiary companies	-	447,000	447,000
	2,756,522	(447,000)	2,309,522

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

42. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - DISCLOSURE OF REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFITS

The following analysis of the retained profits of the Group and of the Company as at the end of the reporting period into realised and unrealised profits are presented in accordance with the directive issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and prepared in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, as follows:

		Group		ompany
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Total retained profits of the Company and its subsidiary companies:				
- realised	22,680,073	18,494,614	2,143,024	1,838,743
- unrealised	1,352,832	1,147,805	_	_
	24,032,905	19,642,419	2,143,024	1,838,743
Less: Consolidation				
adjustments	(9,515,432)	(9,479,029)	_	_
At 31 December	14,517,473	10,163,390	2,143,024	1,838,743

STATISTIC OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 2 APRIL 2015

Authorised Share Capital RM50,000,000 Issued and Fully Paid-Up Share Capital RM25,200,000

Class of Shares Ordinary Share of RM0.10 each Voting Rights One vote per ordinary share

No. of Shareholders 769

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Size of Shareholdings	No. of shareholders	% of shareholders	No. of shares held	% of Issued share capital
Less than 100	74	9.62	3,200	0.00
100 - 1,000	79	10.27	33,505	0.01
1,001 - 10,000	234	30.43	1,226,772	0.49
10,001 - 100,000	274	35.63	10,016,948	3.98
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	105	13.65	84,251,604	33.43
5% and above of issued shares	3	0.39	156,467,971	62.09
	769	100.00	252,000,000	100.00

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Name of Shareholders		No. of shares	% of shareholdings
1	Pang Wee See	113,152,861	44.90
2	Chan Ah Kien	25,213,147	10.01
3	Tan Boon Kok	24,821,963	9.85
		163,187,971	64.76

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

		No. of ordinary shares RM0.10 each held				
Nan	ne	Direct	%	Indirect	%	
1	Pang Wee See	113,152,861	44.90	824,400 *	0.33	
2	Chan Ah Kien	25,213,147	10.01	_	_	
3	Tan Boon Kok	24,821,963	9.85	16,800 **	0.01	
4	Kan King Choy	10,215,841	4.05	90,552 #	0.04	
5	Ir. Koh Thong How	337,200	0.13	113,152,861 +	44.90	
6	Dr. Seow Pin Kwong	305,760	0.12	_	_	
7	Cheng Sim Meng	_	_	_	_	
8	Ng Kok Ann	_	_	_	_	
9	Yee Oii Pah @ Yee Ooi Wah	487,200	0.19	113,152,861 ^	44.90	

- Deemed interested by virtue of the shareholdings of 487,200 shares each, of his spouse, Yee Oii Pah @ Yee Ooi Wah and brother-in-law, Ir. Koh Thong How
- Deemed interested by virtue of the shareholdings of his brother-in-law, Pang Wee See
- Deemed interested by virtue of the shareholdings of her spouse, Pang Wee See
- Deemed interested by virtue of the shareholdings of his spouse, Liong Mee Mee
- # Deemed interested by virtue of the shareholdings of his spouse, Lee Kim Peng

LIST OF 30 LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

AS AT 2 APRIL 2015

Nan	ne of Shareholders	No. of Shares	%
1	Pang Wee See	113,152,861	44.90
2	Tan Boon Kok	24,821,963	9.85
3	Chan Ah Kien	18,493,147	7.34
4	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	11,762,088	4.67
	Pledged Securities Account For Chong Foong Melw		
5	Kan King Choy	10,215,841	4.05
6	Chan Ah Kien	6,720,000	2.67
7	Yong Wan Chuen	3,966,300	1.57
8	Lee Ee Lee	3,305,360	1.31
9	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	2,637,592	1.05
	Pledged Securities Account For Yap Chee Seng		
10	See Tian Chwan	2,335,400	0.93
11	Yee Teck Hing	2,057,120	0.82
12	Lee Yew Fai	2,040,000	0.81
13	Liang G-E	1,958,824	0.78
14	Liang G-E	1,917,681	0.76
15	Chong Tuck Chiew	1,860,000	0.74
16	Liong Mei Chan	1,798,184	0.71
17	Yee De-Sheng	1,708,752	0.68
18	Low Khar Ming	1,630,000	0.65
19	Chan Yin Juan @ Chin Hin Poon	1,192,800	0.47
20	Maheswaran A/L Rajamanickam	1,164,240	0.46
21	Tan Lay Cheng	1,059,704	0.42
22	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	974,400	0.39
	Pledged Securities Account For Yap Yuen Choy (8077937)		
23	Yap Chee Teong	900,000	0.36
24	Phua Sin Loke	840,000	0.33
25	Teo Hwee Mien	814,800	0.32
26	Tay Lay Cheng	699,544	0.28
27	Cheah Yoke Thai	698,904	0.28
28	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	658,100	0.26
	Pledged Securities Account For UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd (A/C Clients)		
29	Tan Boon Eng	619,800	0.25
30	Tan Cheng Chin	617,000	0.24
		222,620,405	88.34

LIST OF PROPERTIES

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

The following are the properties held by the Group as at 31 December 2014:

A summary of the land and building owned by Brite-Tech Corporation Sdn. Bhd. is set out below:-

Location	Tenure and Existing Use	Land Area	Net Book Value as at 31.12.2014 RM'000	Type of Property	Approximate Age of Building	Built Up Area (sq ft)
P.T. No. 5015, Mukim of Damansara, District of Petaling, Selangor D.E.*	Freehold Land & Building (Rented to related company)	42,880 sq. ft.	9,386	Triple storey office block and a single storey factory	19	20,402
P.T. No. 12144, Mukim of Kapar, District of Kelang, Selangor D.E.*	Freehold Land & Building (Operational assets held for owner occupation)	4,220 sq. ft.	589	Double storey semidetached factory	35	1,900
	owner occupation)			Extension	9	4,074
P.T. No. 723, H.S. (M) 956, Mukim of Setul, District of Seremban Negeri Sembilan.*	Leasehold Land (99 years, expiring in 2/10/2085) (Surplus to the operational requirement)	50,939 sq. ft.	959	Vacant land	-	-
Plot No. 37A, Mukim Kapar, Daerah Klang, Selangor D.E.**	Freehold Land (Idle)	65,326 sq. ft.	1,452	Vacant land	-	-
Plot No. 38A, Mukim Kapar, Daerah Klang, Selangor D.E.**	Freehold Land (Idle)	65,326 sq. ft.	1,452	Vacant land	-	-

A summary of the land and building owned by Hooker Chemical Sdn. Bhd. is set out below:-

Location	Tenure and Existing Use	Land Area	Net Book Value as at 31.12.2014 RM'000	Type of Property	Approximate Age of Building	Built Up Area (sq ft)
H.S. (M) 1117, Lot No. 4568, Mukim 14, District of Seberang Perai Tengah, Pulau Pinang.*	Freehold Building (Rented to related company)	1,540 sq. ft.	373	Double storey shophouse	22	3,322
PTD 85433, H.S. (D) 169547, Mukim Pelentong, District of Johor Bahru, Johor.*	Freehold Building (Rented to related company)	2,400 sq. ft.	592	Double storey shophouse	23	3,072
P.T. No. 11419, Mukim of Damansara, District of Petaling, Selangor.*	Freehold Building (Assets held for investments)	1,760 sq. ft.	2,800	Triple storey shophouse	22	5,161

LIST OF PROPERTIES

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

A summary of the land and building owned by Rank Chemical Sdn. Bhd. is set out below:-

Location	Tenure and Existing Use	Land Area	Net Book Value as at 31.12.2014 RM'000	Type of Property	Approximate Age of Building	Built Up Area (sq ft)
H.S. (D) 31573, Lot No. PTD 42295, Mukim and District of Kluang, Johor.*	Freehold Building (Operational assets held for owner occupation)	9,375 sq. ft.	543	Single storey detached factory	15	4,800
H.S. (D) 23144, Lot No. PTD 38519, Mukim and District of Kluang, Johor.*	Freehold Building (Assets held for investments)	1,540 sq. ft.	120	1 ¹ / ₂ storey light industrial factory	17	2,156
PTD 32881, Mukim and District of Kluang, Johor.*	Freehold Building (Assets held for investments)	1,540 sq. ft.	320	Double storey shophouse	20	3,080
PTD 42334, Mukim and District of Kluang, Johor.*	Freehold Building (Operational assets held for owner occupation)	7,700 sq. ft	311	Double storey semidetached factory	13	4,675
PTD 42336, Mukim and District of Kluang, Johor.*	Freehold Building (Operational assets held for owner occupation)	7,700 sq. ft	311	Double storey semidetached factory	13	4,675

A summary of the land and building owned by Sincere United Sdn. Bhd. is set out below:-

Location	Tenure and Existing Use	Land Area	Net Book Value as at 31.12.2014 RM'000	Type of Property	Approximate Age of Building	Built Up Area (sq ft)
H.S. (D) 97263, P.T. No. 27732, Mukim and District of Petaling, State of Selangor.*	Leasehold Land & Building (87 years, expiring in 14/11/2090) (Assets held for investments)	1,604 sq. ft.	286	Single storey terrace factory	26	1,600

LIST OF PROPERTIES

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014 (CONT'D)

A summary of the land and building owned by Spectrum Laboratories (Penang) Sdn. Bhd. is set out below:-

Location	Tenure and Existing Use	Land Area	Net Book Value as at 31.12.2014 RM'000	Type of Property	Approximate Age of Building	Built Up Area (sq ft)
H.S. (M) 1116, Lot No. 4567, Mukim 14, District of Seberang Perai Tengah, Pulau Pinang. (Date of acquisition: 21 February 2011)	Freehold Building (Operational assets held for owner occupation)	1,540 sq. ft.	391	Double storey shophouse	22	3,322

Note:-

means:

The properties were revalued on 5 October and 12 December 2011. The valuations were carried out by Messrs. Chartwell ITAC International (Kajang) Sdn Bhd, an external independent firm of professional valuer registered with the Board of Valuers, Appraisers and Estate Agents Malaysia based on the comparison method (open market value).

means:

Brite-Tech Corporation Sdn. Bhd. had on 5 August 2013 entered into two Sale and Purchase Agreements with Cekal Unggul Sdn. Bhd., to acquire two pieces of land in Mukim Kapar, Daerah Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan for a total purchase consideration of RM 7,225,879.

APPENDIX I

SPECIAL RESOLUTION - PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE COMPANY'S ARTICLES OF **ASSOCIATION**

THAT the Articles of Association of the Company is proposed to be amended in the following manner:-

Article No.	Existing Articles	Amended Articles
	Interpretation	Interpretation
To amend Article 116	A resolution signed by all the Directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board shall be as valid and effectual as a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors. In the event that a Director is abroad, a cable or telex sent by him shall be deemed to be a document in writing signed by him provided that such cable or telex is confirmed in writing.	A resolution in writing, signed by a majority of the directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors duly convened and held. Any such resolution may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more directors. In the event that a Director is abroad, a cable or telex sent by him shall be deemed to be a document in writing signed by him provided that such cable or telex is confirmed in writing.





PROXY FORM

No. of shares held

I/We			
of			
being a mem	nber/members of BRITE-TECH BERHAD hereby appoint		
and/or failing	g him/her		
of			
or failing him. Annual Gene 3/155B, 570	/her, the Chairman of the meeting as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/oeral Meeting of the Company, to be held at Langkawi Room, Bukit Jalil Golf 00 Kuala Lumpur on Wednesday, 27 May 2015 at 10.00 a.m. and any adjoing	our behalf at	the Fourteenth Resort, Jalan
No.	Resolution	For	Against
1.	To declare a final single tier dividend of 0.63 sen per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014.		3.
2.	To approve the payment of Directors' fees for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.		
	To re-elect the following Directors who are retiring by rotation, pursuant to Article 96 of the Articles of Association of the Company, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:-		
3.	Mr. Pang Wee See		
4.	Mr. Tan Boon Kok		
5.	To re-appoint the following Director who is retiring pursuant to Section 129 of the Companies Act, 1965 and to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting:-		
	Dr. Seow Pin Kwong		
6.	To re-appoint Messrs CAS & Associates as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.		
	Special Business		
7.	Ordinary Resolution 1 - To authorise the Directors to allot and issue shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965.		
8.	Ordinary Resolution 2 - To approve the continuing in office of Mr. Cheng Sim Meng as Independent Non-Executive Director.		
9.	Ordinary Resolution 3 - To approve the continuing in office of Dr. Seow Pin Kwong as Independent Non-Executive Director.		
10.	Special Resolution – Proposed Amendment to the Articles of Association of the Company.		
	cate with an "X" how you wish your vote to be cast. If no specific directoxies will vote or abstain at his/their discretion)	tion as to v	oting is given,
Signed this .	day of		
	Signature/Comm	on Seal of S	hareholder(s)
Notes :	· ·		. ,

- A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company and the provision of Section 149(1) (b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company.
- Where a member appoints two (2) or more proxies, the appointments shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportion of 2. his holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) 3. Act 1991, it may appoint at least one (1) proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
- The instrument of appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in writing in that behalf. 4.
- The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office at B-25-2, Block B, Jaya One, No. 72A, Jalan Universiti, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding 5. the annual general meeting or any adjournment thereof.



Fold this flap for sealing	
 Then fold here	

The Company Secretary
BRITE-TECH BERHAD (550212-U)

AFFIX STAMP

B-25-2, Block B, Jaya One No. 72A, Jalan Universiti 46200 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia

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